

Press Releases: Interview With Najwa Kassem of Al Arabiya

Interview
Michael R. Pompeo

Secretary of State

Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates
January 12, 2019

QUESTION: (In Arabic.) Good afternoon.

SECRETARY POMPEO: Good afternoon. It's great to be with you.

QUESTION: Mr. Secretary, it's our honor to be with us as you always were. Actually, it was a busy trip, very busy trip, and you still have more stops in it. But main thing we can understand from your speech in Cairo, from what you said about the Poland summit and meeting in Poland, that it's Iran. And this is the main goal, a very hard speech against Iran, and sort of alliance, something like this, to face the role of Iran in the region. What's the plan?

SECRETARY POMPEO: Yeah, so it's been a fantastic trip, I – this swing through the Gulf states now following my initial visits. Really three things we're working on, different for each of our partners around the world, but America's here, and this is important to us. Middle East stability, destroying ISIS, completing the destruction of the caliphate are very important missions for the United States – and countering Iran. The threat from the world's largest state sponsor of terror, the Islamic Republic of Iran, is something President Trump has identified as one of his top priorities. We're determined to do that, and we'll do it with our partners throughout the Middle East. This is a mission for the world. It's incredibly important, and we are determined to do it. I wanted to make sure that I got the chance to swing through the region one more time – I've been here a lot in my life –

QUESTION: Yes.

SECRETARY POMPEO: – to come back one more time and reassure them that America is committed to this and talk about how we're going to execute it.

QUESTION: But what can we understand about what's going to happen in Poland? Is it the MESA, what you're calling MESA? Is it another sort of alliance, or what? What kind of meetings it will be –

SECRETARY POMPEO: Yeah, so that's a great question. The ministerial in Warsaw will be much broader than that. We will have countries from Asia, Africa, Western Hemisphere, countries from South America – this will be a broad coalition aimed at Middle East stability. We'll talk about how we counter terror. There'll be a focus on Iran. There'll be conversations about financial systems, how is it we ensure the financial systems don't sponsor terror. There'll be a broad conversation from a large group – dozens and dozens of countries we expect to attend over the course of the ministerial. It's the first time we've put together a ministerial this way, and we think it will show the whole world that there's a broad determination to make life better here and take the terror regimes down in the region.

QUESTION: But with America withdrawing from Syria – at least for the time being of course; you still have a presence in Iraq but not compared to presence in the last decade. You are determined for this but you are withdrawing from Syria. This is something you consider not contradicted, and you didn't see it contradict also what the – Mr. Bolton's statement regarding Turkey, same issue. But how can we understand this?

SECRETARY POMPEO: Yeah. No, there's no contradiction at all. America supports fights against terror all around the world. Sometimes we do it with U.S. soldiers, sometimes we do it with forces from partner countries. Sometimes we do it in other ways – diplomatic means, economic means, financial means, building out coalitions. There are many tools in the power projection arsenal. And so no terrorist, no Iranian should believe that the fact that a couple thousand U.S. soldiers are going to be redeployed out of Syria in any way diminishes our commitment.

QUESTION: It's said in the U.S., especially at the time at the turn of the former president, that our enemies don't hear us and our friends don't trust us. This is something I heard in previous interviews. So in that context, do you think Iran fears what's going on now?

SECRETARY POMPEO: I want the Iranian people to know that we want a better life for them. We want the Iranian people's voices to be heard. We want a real democracy in the Islamic Republic of Iran. And a real democracy doesn't support Hizballah. A real democracy doesn't support Shia militias in Iraq that are reducing Iraqi independence. A real democracy wouldn't be active in Yemen in the way that they are by underwriting the Houthis today. We want the Iranian people's voices to be heard, and so we don't want them to fear us. We want them to know that we're here, we hear them, and we want a better life for the people in Iran as well.

QUESTION: And last answer, you were talking about forces – you said our forces, or other partners' forces. This is something maybe (inaudible) now about maybe replacing the American forces but by forces from other countries as well. This is what the Turkish are saying at least in the analysis. Can you explain this? Which partners' forces?

SECRETARY POMPEO: Yeah. Different countries will have to make their own decisions about how they're going to participate in this coalition. Some will make a decision to have their forces there. I don't want to get into where

the discussions are sitting today. But know that we value each time a country makes a decision to put its young men and women in harm's way. It's a big decision for a sovereign state to make. And we're very hopeful that we will continue to find the right mix, the right set of power projection tools to achieve our ultimate objectives.

But at the end of the day, what we want in Syria is a political resolution. We're driving towards enforcing UN Security Council Resolution 2254 so that we can get a political resolution in Syria, one that allows now some 6 million people who've had to leave their homes that are displaced persons –

QUESTION: Six million outside the country? There is other six? Displaced in –

SECRETARY POMPEO: And more than that – inside – they're internally displaced, yeah. So we're talking about enormous numbers, millions and millions of people who have had to flee their homes because of the conflict in Syria. That's the mission set, is to create the political conditions so those people can return and they can once again restore power to the people in Syria as well.

QUESTION: That's what the MESA is about?

SECRETARY POMPEO: No, MESA is a broader effort than that. MESA's not specifically aimed at the Syria challenge. MESA is a –

QUESTION: Military aspect?

SECRETARY POMPEO: No, even the military aspect of MESA, it's broader than that. It's an attempt to build a coalition of Middle Eastern forces that can respond to many threats to the region, not just the one that's in Syria today.

QUESTION: And that – speaking about Syria and about the American presence there, American-Turkish relations have been really volatile, very volatile in the last few months. Now how can we describe them? We've heard that they have been okay a few – couple of months ago, now it seems after what happened with Mr. Bolton's statement, more like tense?

SECRETARY POMPEO: Yeah, I think that's all been misreported and overblown. The conversations that Ambassador Bolton had with his – in Turkey were very productive. We are trying to chart a path forward. As we withdraw our 2,000 uniformed military personnel from Syria – which we are going to do – as we do that, we want to make sure that we do – we do right by the Turks. That is, to the extent they have terrorist threats on their border, they're entitled to do what they need to do to protect the Turkish people, and we want to make sure at the same time that the forces that we fought with in the region, who aren't terrorists – those forces who aren't terrorists – are protected from threats from all the folks in the region. We were trying to create an orderly, successful, deliberate departure of our forces, and I'm confident that we can do that. And our conversations with the Turks in that respect have been very productive.

QUESTION: Uh-huh. Okay. Let me ask you, Mr. Secretary, about the relations

with Saudi Arabia. This has been a very important headline in the American press, as well as in the American politics. How can you talk about it?

SECRETARY POMPEO: So I'll be heading to Saudi Arabia tomorrow. We'll have another set of constructive conversations, I'm very, very sure. The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is an important partner of the United States. They've been very helpful to us on multiple things that matter to the American people, and I'm convinced that partnership will remain strong. We know there's been this

QUESTION: Partnership, not friendship?

SECRETARY POMPEO: Call it what you will. They've been great partners in the missions that we have asked them to assist us with. We understand that the murder of Jamal Khashoggi was a heinous, terrible act. We want to hold everyone responsible for that accountable. We intend to do so. We started that already. But this relationship, this mutually beneficial relationship to create stability in the Middle East and to assist the United States in executing things that keep the American people safe is very important. And I'm convinced the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will be a great ally in doing so.

QUESTION: I'm sorry, I know it's almost over, but just because you mentioned Jamal Khashoggi, I want to – you to tell the Saudis, the Arab viewers – we felt for some time that the whole relation between U.S. and Saudi Arabia was only this mattered, the matter of Khashoggi. How can you respond to this?

SECRETARY POMPEO: Yeah. President Trump's made it clear since the immediate aftermath of this murder that the relationship is broader and deeper and bigger than that. We absolutely have expectations when things go wrong, when heinous acts are – have occurred, people need to be held accountable for those. But this relationship predated that, and the relationship must go forward. We have to have a good relationship with the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and this administration intends to do so.

QUESTION: Thank you so much, Mr. Secretary of the –

SECRETARY POMPEO: Thank you very much. It's great to be with you.

QUESTION: (Inaudible.) Thank you so much for this interview.

The Office of Website Management, Bureau of Public Affairs, manages this site as a portal for information from the U.S. State Department. External links to other Internet sites should not be construed as an endorsement of the views or privacy policies contained therein.

Press Releases: Secretary Pompeo's Meeting With Bahraini King Hamad bin Isa Al Khalifa, Bahraini Crown Prince Salman bin Hamad Al Khalifa, and Foreign Minister Khalid bin Ahmed Al Khalifa

Readout
Office of the Spokesperson

Washington, DC
January 11, 2019

The below is attributable to Deputy Spokesperson Robert Palladino:

Secretary of State Michael R. Pompeo met today with Bahraini King Hamad bin Isa Al Khalifa, Bahraini Crown Prince Salman bin Hamad Al Khalifa, and Foreign Minister Khalid bin Ahmed Al Khalifa in Manama. The Secretary thanked the King, the Crown Prince, and the Foreign Minister for Bahrain's continued friendship and strategic partnership with the United States. The leaders addressed critical priorities, including counterterrorism, Yemen, and countering the Iranian regime's dangerous activities. The leaders agreed on the importance of all parties continuing to work with UN Special Envoy Martin Griffiths toward a comprehensive political solution to the conflict in Yemen.

The leaders discussed Bahrain's support for religious coexistence and freedom of religion, and the conclusion of parliamentary elections including the election of the first female Speaker of the Council of Representatives. The leaders discussed realizing the Middle East Strategic Alliance, anchored by a united Gulf Cooperation Council, to stand against the Iranian regime's malign influence and advance the prosperity, security, and stability of the region. The Secretary expressed his gratitude for the role Bahrain plays, particularly through hosting the United States Fifth Fleet, and in supporting a variety of regional priorities.

The Office of Website Management, Bureau of Public Affairs, manages this site

*as a portal for information from the U.S. State Department.
External links to other Internet sites should not be construed as an
endorsement of the views or privacy policies contained therein.*

[Press Releases: Interview With Chris Mitchell of Christian Broadcast Network](#)

Interview
Michael R. Pompeo

Secretary of State

Cathedral of the Nativity
Cairo, Egypt
January 11, 2019

QUESTION: Mr. Secretary, thanks for joining us on CBN News. (Inaudible.)

SECRETARY POMPEO: Hi, and it's great to be with you.

QUESTION: You just had a tour of this cathedral. It was given as a gift by President al-Sisi to the church. Why is this so important?

SECRETARY POMPEO: This is a very special place just recently opened. We are sitting in the heart of Cairo, the heart of Egypt, and we have this cathedral demonstrating that every place in the world can have religious freedom – opportunity for individuals to worship in the way they see fit, and here a chance to praise the Lord in Cairo. It's a pretty special place. It's an enormous, wonderful, beautiful cathedral.

QUESTION: Why is religious freedom so important to the Trump administration?

SECRETARY POMPEO: Because it's at the heart of all the freedoms that every individual should have, right? Every human being has the dignity that comes with their life and religious freedom is a central element to that. For individuals to be able to worship in the way they want or if they choose not to worship, so be it. To have that in this place too is so special, a place which isn't everywhere here in the Middle East. For President Sisi to have

done this is really special and, I think, important to Cairo, to Egypt, and to the world.

QUESTION: You mentioned him in your speech as well. Do you see him as a model of a leader here in the Middle East?

SECRETARY POMPEO: He has really taken to heart the ideal of religious freedom and he's done so with great power and great courage, and he is to be lauded for that.

QUESTION: You just had a major speech about the Middle East, and 10 years ago, another major speech was given here in Cairo. Would it be fair to say that your speech was "America is back and it's a force for good?"

SECRETARY POMPEO: Absolutely. I want people throughout the Middle East and the world to know that America's involvement in the Middle East is absolutely a force for good. We come here with no intention to oppress or to dominate, but rather to free, to create opportunities for every individual throughout the Middle East to live their life, to have the freedoms that we are all so blessed to have in the United States.

QUESTION: One of your themes of the trip is about Iran and the danger to the Middle East. Do you see nations aligning up with the United States against the influence of Iran?

SECRETARY POMPEO: So our team has done good work. We built an enormous coalition that ranges from Asia to North Africa, certainly to the Middle East, countries from all across the world, understanding that the threat from the Islamic Republic of Iran is real and continuing and ought not to be tolerated.

QUESTION: A few hours ago you met with leaders in Erbil about the Kurds and yet there's dangerous talk coming out of Turkey. What's your message to Erdogan if he goes ahead and invades the Kurds?

SECRETARY POMPEO: Well, our message is straightforward. The work that the Kurdish forces did with us alongside in Syria has been important. It took down a caliphate, 99 percent of the real estate that was held by ISIS. We remember people sitting in cages being burned. Seems like a long time ago, but frankly, it's the good work that the United States did with a big coalition. And we'll work with the Turks to make sure that there's security for them as well and that the Kurdish people in Syria are indeed protected.

QUESTION: Two final questions, one about the Christians in the region: They have an appeal that they won't be eradicated, that Christianity won't be eradicated. What's your message to those Christians?

SECRETARY POMPEO: That America is with them. Christianity is at the heart of the history of this place here in the Middle East. All you got to do is grab a Bible and read the places and the names. Christians have been central to Middle East. We want to make sure that they continue to have opportunities and freedom and for Christian churches to grow alongside churches of other faiths as well. Our message is simple, is that we stand for religious freedom

every place American diplomacy is at work.

QUESTION: And one final domestic question: BDS, there's an act proposed right now in the Senate. It's not being passed because Democrats are refusing to vote for it. It's by Senator Rubio. What's your position on that?

SECRETARY POMPEO: The good news is I don't do politics anymore, U.S. domestic politics, but I'll say this: Israel too ought to have the respect and dignity that comes with that great democracy here in the Middle East as well.

QUESTION: Mr. Secretary, thank you very much.

SECRETARY POMPEO: Great. Thank you very much, sir.

QUESTION: Okay.

SECRETARY POMPEO: You have a good day.

QUESTION: You too.

SECRETARY POMPEO: Thank you.

The Office of Website Management, Bureau of Public Affairs, manages this site as a portal for information from the U.S. State Department. External links to other Internet sites should not be construed as an endorsement of the views or privacy policies contained therein.

[Press Releases: Appeal Hearing of Reuters Reporters Wa Lone and Kyaw Soe Oo in Burma](#)

Press Statement
Robert Palladino

Deputy Spokesperson

Washington, DC
January 11, 2019

The United States is deeply disappointed that the Yangon High Court upheld the convictions of Reuters journalists Wa Lone and Kyaw Soe Oo today. A free and independent press should be protected in any democracy. Today's ruling casts doubt not only on freedom of expression in Burma, but also raises questions about Burma's commitment to the rule of law. We will continue to advocate at all levels for the just release of these brave journalists.

The Office of Website Management, Bureau of Public Affairs, manages this site as a portal for information from the U.S. State Department. External links to other Internet sites should not be construed as an endorsement of the views or privacy policies contained therein.

[Press Releases: U.S. Condemns Deadly Houthi Drone Attack in Yemen](#)

Press Statement
Robert Palladino

Deputy Spokesperson

Washington, DC
January 11, 2019

The United States strongly condemns the January 10 Houthi drone attack on Republic of Yemen Government officers at a military parade at Al-Anad Air Base in Lahij. This attack contravenes the spirit of the Hudaydah ceasefire and the progress made last month at the UN-led talks in Sweden. We urge all sides to honor the commitments they made in Sweden to their fellow Yemenis by refraining from violence and provocative acts.

The Office of Website Management, Bureau of Public Affairs, manages this site as a portal for information from the U.S. State Department. External links to other Internet sites should not be construed as an endorsement of the views or privacy policies contained therein.