## <u>Government has refused to take the</u> <u>side of the average pension saver —</u> <u>Alex Cunningham</u>

**Alex Cunningham MP, Shadow Pensions Minister**, commenting on the Written Ministerial Statement on pension charges, said:

"Once again the Government has refused to take the side of the average pension saver."

"It cannot be right that expensive costs and charges are being applied to meagre pension pots — we need these charges to go lower."

"What we see instead is a Government in chaos, kicking important decisions into the long grass."

"Only Labour will create a more efficient, transparent and sustainable pension system for the many, not just a wealthy few."

### John McDonnell pre-Budget speech

John McDonnell MP,

**Labour's Shadow Chancellor**, delivering a speech today in central London on Labour's pre-Budget demands on the Government, said:

## \*\*\*CHECK AGAINST DELIVERY\*\*\*

Good morning.

Thank you for coming here today.

Next week's Budget has been widely trailed as one of the most significant in recent times.

The Prime Minister and the Chancellor don't agree on much but they do on that.

They both seem to be viewing next week's Budget as an emergency Budget to save their jobs.

We do need an emergency Budget.

But we need an emergency

Budget not to save them but to save our public services.

After seven years of

austerity under the Tories people are asking what was it all for?

They were told austerity

was the solution to the economic crisis.

So it's understandable

that after seven years of the austerity solution, they are angry when they queue for hours at A&E, see their school laying off teaching assistants, their Surestart centre closing and the local neighbourhood police withdrawn from their streets.

Especially, while at the

same time, they learn about the Paradise Papers and the tax avoidance of the super-rich.

A week on, outrageously

neither the Chancellor nor the Prime Minister has managed even a comment.

Its understandable people should raise questions.

In his first year as

Chancellor, Philip Hammond has shown that he appears to have no idea what is happening in the real world and how people are feeling.

Before next week we are

all hoping he wakes up and appreciates what life is now like for our people.

In particular the state of

our public services after seven years of the Conservatives' austerity policies

and the struggle many have to go through to make ends meet.

In recent weeks we have

been sent stark messages from the front line of our public services.

The Chief Executive of the

NHS has warned that five million people will be left on waiting lists if additional funding is not found in this Budget.

A quarter of our nurses

are forced to take a second job just to be able to make ends meet yet this Governments plans will mean per head NHS spending is due to fall next year.

In the sixth's richest

country on earth we are faced with the damning spectacle of our underpaid nurses being asked to stay behind after 12-hour shifts to give patients extra care just to keep the system from imploding. For many who have

dedicated their lives to public service and our NHS, the strain is becoming

much to bare. They feel they have no alternative but to leave the profession and the NHS now faces the worst recruitment crisis in its history

The heads of our schools

are also warning the Prime Minister they have been reduced to "desperate requests to parents for voluntary donations", while schools are facing their first funding cut per pupil in real terms since the 1990s.

One of the heads of our

counter terrorism unit has warned that the cuts to local policing are a direct

threat to national security and specifically to the fight to keep our streets safe from terrorism.

Locally, councils are

being starved of the funds they need to protect our most vulnerable children.

Charities on the frontline

have been explicit about the impact of these cuts.

Local authorities have

confirmed their services are at "breaking point".

The cuts to parenting

classes, children's centres, substance misuse prevention, teenage pregnancy support and short breaks for disabled children risk turning the current crisis

into a catastrophe for the next generation of children and families.

The percentage of children

living in relative poverty is the highest since records began in 1961.

In the last year alone,

almost half a million of our children were provided with a three day emergency

food supply from a foodbank.

The lesson is clear.

We can't go on like this.

Austerity doesn't just have to end.

We have to start seriously investing in our public services and in our economy.

It's hard not to survey

the last seven years without feeling rising anger.

Just look back at the record.

#### I remember Philip

Hammond's predecessor, George Osborne, newly arrived in Number 11 pushing his own "Emergency Budget" that launched the biggest programme of public spending cuts this country has seen for generations.

We were told, seemingly in

all seriousness it was because "the cupboard was bare".

That austerity programme

was based on what we can now say quite plainly was at best a myth, at worst an

outright lie.

Government debt exploded

in 2008 because our bloated financial system imploded.

Yet as the cuts ground on,

it was nurses and teachers, and people right across our society — except at the

very top — who have paid the price of austerity.

Philip Hammond has been

there every step of the way.

As Shadow Chief Secretary

to the Treasury, he prepared the grounds for the Government's programme in office.

As a senior member of

Conservative-led governments, not once did he break — as some of his own Conservative colleagues did and have done — with the cuts programme.

And now, as Chancellor, he

tells us that a programme of austerity he supported, and that was supposed to be over by 2015, will now stretch into the next decade.

The ideology behind this

is that the public sector is like a hideous weed that needs to be cut back to prevent it strangling free enterprise.

As if those who work in

the private sector don't send their children to publicly-funded schools, or drive on publicly-funded roads, or rely on the publicly-funded NHS when they are sick.

To coin a phrase, we

really are all in this together. Cuts to public spending damage the whole of our society.

When a government — as the

Tories did— cut research funding by £1bn, it has real economic consequences.

When governments — as the

Tories did - cut investment spending by nearly £20bn, it has an impact on business.

Investment in the United

Kingdom is the third lowest of any major developed economy, ahead of only Portugal and Greece.

Public spending on

transport is the very lowest out of those 35 major developed economies.

Without investment, we

don't get the new equipment and technologies that can sustain growth.

It means skilled people

and those with talent and ideas across the whole country are not realising their potential, and businesses cannot grow as they wish.

The result is that our

whole economy is becoming, relative to other, similar economies, worse and worse at turning ideas, labour and machinery into economic growth.

This is the "productivity

crisis" that even this Chancellor has been forced to acknowledge.

In his first Autumn

Statement he loudly bemoaned the "shocking" productivity gap between ourselves

and comparable countries.

In his first Budget,

earlier this year, he complained about "stubbornly low" productivity.

He lectured the Party

faithful on the point at Conservative conference in October.

I welcome the Chancellor's

recognition of this, perhaps most serious, economic challenge.

But perhaps it would help

if he also recognised that he is not some concerned bystander.

He has been a senior

member of every government since 2010.

And now, as Chancellor, he

is directly responsible for economic policy.

It is his fault and that

of his colleagues.

Their fault, and theirs

alone that they have not merely failed to address the long-term problems of our

economy - they have added to them.

The Office for Budget

Responsibility is widely expected to highlight just how bad the situation has become under the Tories in its report next week.

But official statistics already paint a grim picture.

Under his and his

predecessor's watch, the gap between what Britain produces in an hour, and what

the rest of the G7 produce in an hour, has widened to its largest for more than

a generation.

Because productivity here

is so poor, we have to work longer hours to compensate.

The average employee in

Britain works over 300 hours more a year than the average employee in Germany.

That's equivalent to nearly 40 full working days a year.

And we don't just work longer hours.

Most of us now work in worse conditions, with worse pay.

Real pay is lower than it was in 2010, and is still falling.

Insecure work is up one-third since 2010.

There are now three

million jobs in the UK where there is no guarantee of hours or employment rights.

The scale of this government's failure needs to be placed in its context.

No generation in living

memory has experienced such a decline in its living standards.

And the younger you are, the worse that decline becomes.

Those in their twenties have seen their pay fall by almost 10 per cent since 2010.

To compensate for this,

more and more are forced to borrow more and more on unsecured loans, like credit cards and payday lending, which has grown nearly 20 per cent in the last

five years.

Borrowing has helped fuel a return to weak economic growth.

But even as the economy has grown, most people are getting poorer.

If most people are not

benefitting from growth, the benefits of growth must be going to someone else.

It is easy to see where. A few at the top have done extremely well.

The top ten percent now own half the nation's wealth.

There are more

billionaires living in London than ever before.

But even as property

speculation has boomed, investment in manufacturing is down by more than £2bn since the crash.

So instead of investments

in productive enterprises, new ideas and new technology, under the Tories our economy has swung ever more into hoarding unproductive wealth.

The great lie behind

austerity was that we had no choice — that cuts were essential because there was no money.

This is a wealthy country, one of the richest in the world.

But that wealth is held in too few hands, and spent for too little purpose.

Even as they have been

cutting public services to the bone, they have been offering huge giveaways to

the mega-rich and giant corporations.

Tax cuts introduced for

both since 2010, including Corporation Tax and Capital Gains Tax, will cost

us

over £70bn over the next five years.

Every single penny lost in

these tax cuts means less money for our public services.

And the Paradise Papers

showed, once again, how the super-rich and giant corporations simply refuse to

play by the same rules as the rest of us.

The UK is losing at least £16bn a year to tax havens.

Every penny lost means

less funding for our public services.

Labour's Tax Transparency

and Enforcement Programme is the comprehensive means to close the loopholes and

end tax evasion.

The Government could learn

from it, instead of throwing about dodgy statistics.

Or introducing loopholes,

like the "controlled foreign company" rule changes, which open the door to tax

avoidance that it is now under investigation by the European Commission.

Next week's Budget cannot

be a continuation of the failure for the many that we have witnessed since 2010.

There has to be a genuine and decisive change of course.

This Government may be

weak, but Britain doesn't need to be.

It needs strong, effective

action to properly deal with the challenges we face as a nation.

Next week the country

needs an 'emergency Budget' to alleviate the emergency taking place right now in our public services, and the millions of working households in our country struggling to get by.

Not a Budget desperately

designed to save the jobs of a weak Prime Minister and her embattled Chancellor.

Philip Hammond wants you

to believe there is nothing that can be done to end these scandals. That the millions more children who will grow up in poverty under this Government due to

their changes cannot be prevented.

He wants you to believe

that the housing crisis in our country cannot be fixed the way Labour has consistently called for, and even colleagues in his own Cabinet have argued for, by increasing investment to build more housing.

He wants to pretend he

cannot invest on the scale needed, yet he has already borrowed more in his first year as Chancellor than any of his predecessors in their first year at the Treasury.

There is a better way than

this. But it needs a complete break with past failures.

The Chancellor has the

opportunity next week to address the worst consequences of his austerity programme.

Let's look at some of the key priorities to be addressed.

Since the last Autumn

Statement, the Government has accelerated the roll out of Universal Credit despite evidence it is causing poverty, debt and evictions.

The six week delay in

payments has taken some families into outright destitution.

The Trussell Trust has

found a 30 per cent increase in foodbank usage in areas where Universal Credit

has been rolled out.

And under the guise of

reforming the system, the Government have pushed through swingeing cuts now amounting to £3bn a year.

Those cuts will now mean a million more children living in poverty.

By 2021-22, the Institute

of Fiscal Studies estimate that more than one in three of our children will be

living in poverty as a result of benefit cuts.

In the sixth richest

economy on the planet, this is a national disgrace.

It should shame us all.

But in particular it should shame this Government.

As the Women's Budget

Group's research today confirms, these cuts will mean 5.9 million women living

in households eligible for universal credit will lose almost four and half thousand pounds a year by April 2021 as a result of the combined impact of tax

and benefit changes introduced since this Government came to office.

The Chancellor has the

opportunity to ease the worst burden.

Last month, the House of

Commons voted unanimously to pause and fix Universal Credit.

The Children's

Commissioner for England is the most recent voice calling for a pause of the bungled Universal Credit rollout.

The Chancellor himself has

admitted that there is a "challenge around the waiting times."

He needs to act now to

stop thousands of families being pushed into absolute poverty and despair.

The public sector pay cap

has seen the pay of our public sector works hammered for year after year since

it was introduced in 2010.

The TUC estimates that

nurses, firefighters and border guards face losing thousands of pounds in real

terms by 2020 if the Government sticks to its plans.

Midwives, teachers and

social workers will see their pay in real terms drop by more than £3,000.

Our public services cannot

function without staff, and they cannot function well unless those staff are properly rewarded.

But it's not just

frontline staff. It's those in the back offices who keep our hospitals running,

or make sure our taxes are collected fairly who also deserve a pay rise after year upon year of pay cuts.

The Government must end

the public sector pay cap, and do so right the way across the public the sector.

Schools face the first

funding cuts per pupil in real-terms since the 1990s.

Headteachers have marched

on Downing Street. 5,000 have signed a petition calling for more funding for their schools.

As local authorities have

been pushed further and further into desperate measures by cuts, they are beginning to pull back on the essentials.

The Chancellor must

immediately bring forward the funding needed to halt the most serious crises in

our public services — for the NHS, our schools, and local authority children's  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) +\left($ 

services.

The housing crisis is

inescapable. Every day brings fresh stories of the misery this has caused.

Homelessness is up 50 per

cent since 2010. Homeownership has collapsed to its lowest level in decades. Private tenants in England spend nearly half their pay on rent.

Yet the starker the crisis

becomes, the more visible the despair, the more feeble this Government's response has become.

The housing crisis won't

be solved by cutting stamp duty on a few housing sales.

Today, the Government is

trying to pull the wool over our eyes by trumpeting an accounting change which

happened last month.

It won't be solved by

accountancy tricks, shuffling Housing Association debt on or off the Government

balance sheet.

It will be solved with

bricks and mortar.

That means the Chancellor

must bring forward genuine new funding to deal with this in next week's Budget.

But since 2010 with

Conservative Ministers we've built fewer homes than at any time since the 1920s.

The scale of the crisis

demands action on an equal scale. We need at least 100,000 new social homes a-year funded and built by this Government, to even begin to address the problem.

If the Chancellor won't

listen to Labour, or the housing experts, or the tens of thousands suffering with sky-high rents in substandard accommodation, perhaps he can listen to his

own Communities Minister, and bring forward the funding a major housebuilding programme needs.

And, after the tragedy of

Grenfell Tower, the Government must immediately deliver the money required to install

sprinklers in every council or housing association block that needs them.

Because the fundamental

issue here is that it is investment that will secure the high-paid, high-skill

economy of the future.

Investment in our housing.

In our transport system. In communications. In scientific research.

The Chancellor claims to

understand this. He has spoken repeatedly of the need for investment to drive up productivity and so secure wages.

Yet he seems to be

incapable of recognising the scale of the problem.

Our infrastructure creaks

and slowly crumbles. Every business group from the CBI to the Institute of Directors, quite rightly, complains about delays and cancellations.

The Government's record on this is abysmal.

Electrification of the

Great Western Railway - delayed, and partially cancelled.

Electrification of

Transpennine services — delayed and then cancelled.

The Swansea Tidal Lagoon -

dithering, delay, and still no firm answer on whether it will be built at all.

Broadband speeds far below the European average.

The most expensive

railways.

The most expensive electricity.

And what little

infrastructure spending takes place is overwhelmingly concentrated in just a few spots that are already ahead of the rest.

We want the Chancellor to

bring forward the funding needed to make sure that every part of our country benefits.

The infrastructure

investment needs to address and close the regional funding gap, and to begin to

realise the potential that is out there.

Re-announcements of old

schemes, a fixation on rewarding only one part of the country, and the feeble amounts the Chancellor has previously offered will not be enough.

He needs now to show some

evidence he has grasped the enormity of the harm this Government has caused to

this country.

We face, all of us, as a

country, immense challenges over the next few years.

On every single one of

them, this Government looks not just ill-prepared but incapable.

On Brexit, the Tories are

more concerned with their own petty, factional manoeuvres than anything resembling

the national interest.

And this Chancellor, in

the words of the Prime Minister's own former advisor this week— is incapable of

delivering a vision for the country.

As is usual, he and his

colleagues have trailed great expectations for this Budget.

It has been claimed it will be "revolutionary".

But as Budget day itself

approaches it becomes clearer and clearer that we have a Chancellor unable to make the decisive break with the failed past that is needed.

A Chancellor completely cut off from the world most of us live in.

Great trumpets in the weekend papers become feeble squeaks at the despatch box.

Every grand claim rings false, and every promise turns hollow.

Should he fail once more next week, this is how it will end for him: not with a bang, but with a whimper.

Ends

# <u>These figures confirm housebuilding</u> <a href="https://hese.google.com/hasn't returned to pre-financial">hasn't returned to pre-financial</a> <a href="https://crisis.com/crisis.com/hasn'talevels">crisis levels — John Healey</a>

## John Healey MP, Labour's

**Shadow Secretary of State for Housing**, responding to new statistics on net additions to the housing stock, said:

#### "These figures

confirm that new housebuilding still hasn't returned to the level it was before

the global financial crisis, a decade on. Any increase in new housing is welcome but in any other area of public policy this record of failure would be

cause for resignation, not celebration.

#### "Meanwhile

genuinely affordable housebuilding has fallen dramatically in the last seven years. The number of new social rented homes is at the lowest level since records began and the number of new low-cost homes to buy has halved since 2010.

#### "After seven

years of failure on housing, Ministers still have no plan to fix the housing crisis. The Government must now back Labour's plan to build 100,000 new genuinely affordable homes a year, help first-time buyers and give renters new

consumer rights including control on rents."

## <u>McDonnell sets out Labour's 5 demands</u> <u>for the Budget</u>

John McDonnell: This budget needs to be an emergency budget for our public services that are in crisis, not a budget desperately designed to save the jobs of a weak Prime Minister and her embattled Chancellor.

John McDonnell MP, Labour's Shadow Chancellor, will today (Thursday) give a keynote speech at Church House in London, where he will set out the five main demands that Labour wants to see in next week's Autumn Budget.

The Shadow Chancellor will argue that the country needs an 'emergency Budget' to save our public services that are in crisis, not a budget desperately designed to save the jobs of a weak Prime Minister and her embattled Chancellor. The Shadow Chancellor will call for a Budget that deals with the growing emergency faced by working families and our vital public services, which have been left in crisis after seven years of Tory austerity.

He will also make the argument that this Government is not prepared to clamp down on tax avoidance, but instead wants to engage in a race to the bottom in low corporation tax rates.

John McDonnell will argue that after seven years of Tory economic mismanagement the Chancellor must change course next week, by abandoning his planned tax giveaways to a wealthy few and instead bringing greater fairness into the tax system.

The Shadow Chancellor will set out five central demands for next week's Autumn Budget:

- 1. Pause and fix Universal Credit
- 2. Provide new funding to lift the public sector pay cap
- 3. Serious funding for infrastructure across the whole country
- 4. Properly fund our public services including health, education, and local government
- 5. Launch a large-scale public house-building programme

John McDonnell MP, Labour's Shadow Chancellor, in his speech today at Church House, is expected to say:

"In his first year as Chancellor, Philip Hammond has demonstrated that he completely fails to understand how working people are struggling after seven years of Tory austerity.

"Next week the country needs an 'emergency Budget' for our public services that are in crisis, not a budget desperately designed to save the jobs of a weak Prime Minister and her embattled Chancellor.

"There has to be a genuine and decisive change of course.

"As the Paradise Papers revealed yet again, the Tories have created an economy in which the rich elite at the top do better than ever, while the rest of us have to live with our vital public services teetering on the brink.

"While the Tories refuse to properly clamp down on tax avoidance and push ahead with tax giveaways to the corporations and super rich, public sector workers like our nurses are relying on food banks.

"Our schools' head teachers have to ask parents for donations to keep them open for our children.

"Our NHS is so badly underfunded that a quarter of nurses are forced to take a second job.

"Local councils have had their funding for children's services slashed to the point that charities now warn the crisis risks turning into a catastrophe.

"Philip Hammond wants you to believe there is nothing that can be done to end these scandals. And that the millions more children who will grow up in poverty under this government due to their policies, cannot be prevented.

"He wants you to believe that the housing crisis in our country cannot be fixed in the way that Labour has consistently called for, and even colleagues in his own Cabinet have argued for, by increasing investment to build more housing.

"He wants to pretend he cannot invest on the scale needed, yet he has already borrowed more in his first year as Chancellor than any of his predecessors in their first year at the Treasury.

"There is a better way than this. But it needs a complete break with past failures."

## <u>The Government still has no plan to</u> <u>fix the housing crisis — John Healey</u>

Responding to scheduled speeches by the Prime Minister and Communities Secretary tomorrow, Labour's Shadow Secretary for Housing, John Healey MP, said:

"After seven years of failure on housing, Ministers still have no plan to fix the housing crisis. Since 2010, housing problems have got worse on all fronts, from rising homelessness to falling home-ownership.

"The number of newly-built homes is still far below what is needed. Just as importantly, the number of new genuinely affordable social rented homes is at the lowest level since records began and the number of new low-cost homes to buy has halved since 2010.

"The public must have confidence that new homes being built will be affordable to them and their families. If the Prime Minister wants to help families on ordinary incomes, she should back Labour's plan to build 100,000 new genuinely affordable homes a year, help first-time buyers and give renters new consumer rights including control on rents."