

# UK TRA proposes anti-dumping measures on HFP Rebar from China be removed

In its initial findings, the UK's Trade Remedies Authority (TRA) has today (13 July 2022) proposed that existing anti-dumping measures on imports of High Fatigue Performance Steel Concrete Reinforcement Bars (HFP Rebar) from China be revoked.

The TRA, as set out in the [Statement of Essential Facts \(SEF\)](#), found that keeping the measures, which have been in place since 2016, would not be in the economic interests of the UK as there is currently a high demand for affordable imported HFP Rebar from the UK construction sector in particular.

## **Investigation findings**

All of the TRA's transition reviews involve an Economic Interest Test to consider the economic impacts – both beneficial and harmful – of imposing a trade remedy measure.

In this case, the TRA found that the economic impact of maintaining the anti-dumping measures on HFP Rebar from China would be severe, particularly to the UK construction sector, which is worth over £108 billion annually to the UK economy.

HFP Rebar, also known as reinforcement steel and reinforcing steel, is typically used in the construction industry, which employs an estimated 1.4 to 2.2 million employees, to reinforce concrete and masonry structures to strengthen and hold the concrete in tension.

The industry has been rebounding since the COVID-19 pandemic and the TRA found a high likelihood that there will be continued high demand for HFP Rebar. However, in 2020-21, 27% of total Rebar imports came from Belarus, Russia and Ukraine. These imports are likely to drop substantially as a result of the Russian Invasion of Ukraine and the resulting sanctions. As such, high demand and an anticipated shortfall of supply means continuing the measure would increase prices paid domestically.

Our judgement is that this impact on the UK economy would outweigh the potential harm to the sole UK producer. In addition, a steel safeguard measure extended by the UK government last month applies to HFP rebar. This safeguard will limit a level of imports from China and give some protection to this UK producer.

Therefore, while the TRA found that dumping of HFP Rebar is likely to recur if the measures are revoked and that injury to the UK production would occur, it is not in the economic interests of the UK for the measures to be kept.

TRA Chief Executive Oliver Griffiths said:

We have a duty to weigh up the impact of dumping on UK producers against the broader effects on the UK economy of imposing tariffs. In this case, our assessment is that high domestic demand and international supply shortages mean that retaining tariffs on HFP Rebar from China would push up prices for key elements of the UK economy, such as construction. Our judgement is that the impact on the British economy of higher prices would significantly outweigh the impact on the sole UK producer of rebar of removing tariffs on Chinese imports.

Following today's publication, there will be a 30-day period in which interested parties can comment on the report. Comments can be submitted by Interested Parties to the TRA via the [Trade Remedies Service website](#).

The TRA will then consider and produce a Final Recommendation, which will be sent to the Secretary of State for International Trade who will make the final decision on whether to uphold the TRA's recommendation. The government is able to 'call in' the case at any point in the investigation, to instruct the TRA to undertake further or different analysis in the case.

Notes to editors:

- [Read more about how a UK Economic Interest Test is conducted.](#)
- The UK industry for HFP Rebar comprises one verified producer, which is estimated to employ around 700 employees and contributes around £41m per year to the UK economy.
- In contrast, the TRA identified 36 domestic importers of HFP Rebar. Just eight of these employed around 1,780 employees and contributed around £180m to the UK economy.
- Furthermore, the main UK market for HFP Rebar is in construction. Construction is a significant sector in the UK economy with an estimated 1.4 to 2.2 million employees and contributes around £108 billion per year to the UK economy.
- Between 2017 and 2021, Russia, Ukraine and Belarus have accounted for 20%-40% of imports of HFP Rebar to the UK. It is likely that these imports will completely cease due to the Russian Invasion of Ukraine and resulting sanctions. This means there is a significant risk of shortages of supply of HFP Rebar for the construction sector.
- Anti-dumping duties allow a country or union to take action against goods sold at less than their normal value, which is defined as the price for 'like goods' sold in the exporter's home market.

- Trade remedy investigations were carried out by the EU Commission on the UK's behalf until the UK left the EU. Forty-four EU trade remedy measures of interest to UK producers were carried across into UK law when the UK left the EU and the TRA is currently reviewing each one to assess whether it is suitable for UK needs.
  - The European Commission imposed anti-dumping duties on imports of HFP Rebar from China in July 2016. This is the transitioned measure that was subject to the TRA's transition review. The Commission allowed the EU measure to expire on 29 July 2021 without review.
  - The Trade Remedies Authority (TRA) is the independent UK body, established in June 2021, as the first non-departmental public body of the Department for International Trade, that investigates whether trade remedy measures are needed to counter unfair import practices and unforeseen surges of imports.
  - Read more about the TRA's mission in its [Business Plan](#).
- 

## Enabling flat sales in high-rise buildings

### News story

The Government Actuary's Department (GAD) has supported the government by helping to develop an insurance scheme for high-rise building assessments.



### Scheme development

Following the Grenfell fire in 2017, mortgage lenders became reluctant to lend to buyers of flats in high-rise buildings, and sales dropped rapidly.

To provide assurance a building industry group, led by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, introduced the External Wall System (EWS1) assessment process in December 2019.

An EWS1 assessment is undertaken by a qualified professional to indicate whether remediation work, such as removal of cladding, is needed on a high-rise building. However, many qualified professionals found they could not obtain professional indemnity insurance to cover their assessments.

The Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC) subsequently announced proposals for a government-backed professional indemnity insurance scheme for EWS1 assessments.

## **GAD's expertise**

GAD has provided extensive support to DLUHC since 2020 in the design and pricing of the scheme. The project lead in GAD is actuary Jacqui Draper. She said: "This was a complex and significant piece of work from GAD. We have estimated that claim costs will be £100 million, although there is no theoretical cap on the total size of claims that could be made.

"We also advised DLUHC on the level of premiums needed to recoup the expected claims and operating costs."

## **Scheme launch**

The scheme is set to launch in September 2022. The government has entered into commercial arrangements with a selected insurer who will be administering insurance policies to qualified professionals.

The launch of this scheme will enable the sale of flats in thousands of high-rise buildings.

Published 13 July 2022

---

## **DWP's Pension Credit Day of Action sees weekly claims double**

Over 10,000 Pension Credit claims were made during the week of 13 June – an increase of 275% compared to that same week in 2021.

The two-step in the right direction was helped by Strictly Come Dancing's Len Goodman, who teamed up with Minister for Pensions Guy Opperman to help spread the message. The pair's [social media video](#) encouraging Pension Credit claims has now been viewed over 1.3 million times.

The boost means even more pensioners could be in line to receive extra financial support worth an average of over £3,300 a year.

Minister for Pensions Guy Opperman said:

We recognise the challenges some pensioners will be facing with the cost of living which is why promoting Pension Credit is a priority.

The success of our Day of Action means more pensioners can get the support they're entitled to, but we're not stopping there. We're continuing to get the word out about Pension Credit, calling on everyone with retired family, friends and loved ones to check in with them and see if they can get this extra financial support, which can make a huge difference to people's lives.

The Day of Action also saw charities, stakeholders, broadcasters and a whole range of partners getting involved to encourage people to claim.

Pension Credit is designed to help with daily living costs for people over State Pension age and on a low income, though you do not need to be in receipt of State Pension to receive it.

It tops up a person's income to a minimum of £182.60 per week for single pensioners and to £278.70 for couples.

Currently, over 1.4 million pensioners in Britain receive Pension Credit. However, many are still not claiming this extra financial help.

Rich Mackenzie, DWP Visiting Officer, said:

Many people who could claim Pension Credit aren't.

I would appeal to anyone who comes into contact with pensioners to ask how much they know about Pension Credit. It could be something that helps, and in the current financial climate, there's no doubt that more people will experience hardship.

Pension Credit won't solve every problem, but it will go a long way to alleviating difficulties. It should be a collective endeavour for us all.

Even a small Pension Credit award can provide access to a wide range of other benefits – such as help with housing costs, council tax or heating bills. For those over 75, this includes continued entitlement to a free TV licence.

Pension Credit can be claimed by phone and online, ensuring that older people can apply safely and easily, wherever they are. The online Pension Credit calculator is also on hand to help pensioners check if they're likely to be eligible and get an estimate of what they may receive.

Applications for Pension Credit can be made:

---

## **Transformation update July 2022**

IPO is entering a new era as we look to recruit a new CEO and Deputy CEO in the coming months. That goes for our digital services too, as we start the process of building brand new services, with the new patents service now less than two years away from launching.

Some things aren't changing though. Our One IPO Transformation Programme remains our number one priority and will continue as planned. The programme is still on track, with patents coming in 2024, trade marks in 2025 and designs in 2026. In fact, all of our initial transformation projects – Manage IP, Secure IP, Research IP and Challenge IP are now up and running. Below is a brief update on where we are with each of those.

### **Manage IP**

Manage IP is the new IPO customer account, where you'll be able to manage all of your IP in one place. In March we shared more information and [early designs of the Manage IP service](#), including the account registration process, the account dashboard and the change of IP ownership process. Since then, we have:

- continued to develop and improve the parts of the service we've already shared, based on customer feedback
- explored how we'll bring customers onto the new service and how we'll help them to link their account to their IP rights
- finished the core designs of the service and are now looking at how we handle some of the less common cases, or where things aren't straightforward
- moved out of the prototyping phase and starting to build the service on the technology we'll be using for all our new services

### **Secure IP**

Secure IP is the new IP application service. Today, we've [published a blog](#) from Secure IP Project Lead, Emma Ford, who shares further information on our new application service, and some early designs of what it will look like.

### **The secure IP service will provide:**

- the same experience across all rights, as much as possible
- a more flexible application service that will allow you can skip the parts of the application that don't apply to you
- a smarter application service that will reduce errors and inefficiency by checking the application and stopping errors before they are filed

- a quicker and easier application service that will reuse information from your customer account and business data from elsewhere (eg Companies House)
- improved guidance and automatic notifications

We plan to start building the Secure IP service on our new tech in July.

## **Research IP**

Research IP will provide new tools to help you search and analyse IP. It will make it much easier for customers to find and analyse information about UK IP rights. We have just finished our initial research for this project, with 77 customers taking part.

Customers told us that the problems with the current service are:

- a lack of consistency when searching across registered IP rights
- the search functionality is very limited
- it's difficult to interpret results and gain valuable insights from our data

In response, some of the things we're exploring for the Research IP service are:

- one register for all IP rights
- providing better search, filtering and data visualisation options
- the ability to monitor and track certain IP rights

## **Challenge IP**

In June we started building the last of our four new services – Challenge IP. Challenge IP is a new digital service for challenging IP rights through hearings or tribunals. This is the first time we have ever offered a digital service for hearings and tribunals.

## **We still want to hear from you**

It's still vital that we hear from you as we continue to design, test and build our new services. We have just started our latest round of research and want to hear from you. To take part email [usertesting@ipo.gov.uk](mailto:usertesting@ipo.gov.uk).

---

## **Civil news: 2018 civil contract extensions to include immigration**

News story

We have decided to include immigration in the planned extensions of all 2018 Standard Civil Contracts until 31 August 2023.



Providers working across all categories are to be notified of our intention to extend the 2018 Standard Civil Contract until 31 August 2023.

### **Why is this important now?**

We want you to understand that the 2018 Standard Civil contract will be uniformly extended in all categories to 31 August 2023. This is a change to the previous announcement made in March 2022.

### **What does this mean for immigration?**

It has been agreed that all immigration contracts will also now be extended until 31 August 2023. We will no longer be extending immigration contracts for a shorter period.

The Ministry of Justice is currently running a consultation on immigration fees, which closes on 8 August 2022.

Once this has concluded we will consult representative bodies on changes to the immigration contract because of the Nationality and Borders Act 2022. We will then develop a tender allowing new providers to bid for immigration contracts.

### **What happens next?**

We will be writing to all current civil contract providers to confirm our intentions and formally issue extension offers.

### **2018 Standard Civil Contract**

The Standard Civil Contract 2018 is the contract between the LAA and providers for the provision of face-to-face civil legal aid in England and Wales.

The standard terms underpin the commercial relationship between the LAA and providers.



## **Further information**

[Standard Civil Contract 2018](#) – 2018 civil contract documents are available on GOV.UK

Published 13 July 2022