

Guidance: Protected food name: West Country beef

Updated: Added an updated specification for this product which was submitted for European Commission scrutiny.

This document provides detail on a protected food name product from the UK, West Country beef, which has been given Protected Geographical Indication (PGI) status.

The EU protected food name scheme covers regional and traditional foods whose authenticity and origin can be guaranteed.

An updated specification for this product was submitted for European Commission scrutiny on 5 July 2018.

The EU will only give a product the PGI mark if they decide it has a reputation, characteristics or qualities that are a result of the area it's associated with.

Guidance: Protected food name: Anglesey sea salt/Halen Mon

Updated: Added an updated specification for this product which was submitted for European Commission scrutiny.

This document provides detail on a protected food name product from the UK, Anglesey sea salt/Halen Mon, which has been given Protected Designation of Origin (PDO) status.

The EU [protected food name scheme](#) covers regional and traditional foods whose authenticity and origin can be guaranteed.

An updated specification for this product was submitted for European Commission scrutiny on 26 March 2018.

To get a product protected under PDO, it must be produced, processed and prepared in one area and have distinct characteristics from this area.

[Policy paper: Perry Barr and Witton flood risk management scheme](#)

Updated: Update on information in all sections.

This document explains the plans to reduce flood risk to approximately 1,400 properties at risk from the River Tame in Perry Barr and Witton, Birmingham, West Midlands.

[Policy paper: Badsey Brook flood risk management scheme](#)

Updated: Latest news and community engagement section updated.

This document explains the plans to reduce flood risk to approximately 290 properties in the Badsey Brook catchment in Worcestershire.

[Form: Environmental liability: appeal form](#)

Updated: appeal form updated since gdpr

The Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) (England) Regulations 2015 (the 'regulations') impose obligations on operators of economic activities requiring them to prevent, limit or remediate environmental damage caused by their operations.

Liability to Remediate

If the enforcing authority decides that damage is environmental damage it must notify the operator of any activity or activities that caused the damage.

Regulation 21 gives an operator a right of appeal against a notice, served by

the enforcing authority

Remediation Notices

Following an operator's submission of proposals to remediate the environmental damage, or if a proposal is not received within a specified time limit, the enforcing authority must serve a remediation notice on the operator.

An appeal may only be brought against those parts of the remediation notice that are different from the proposals made by the responsible operator.

Defra Guidance

[Defra Environmental Liability Guidance](#)