

# Press release: Households urged to play their part in tackling waste crime

The Environment Agency (EA) has revealed that over a third of illegally dumped waste is from households.

The regulator is now urging homes to avoid illegal waste operators by taking extra care when it comes to disposing of rubbish.

A recent change in the law means that householders found to be knowingly involved in the illegal dumping of waste, could be liable for Landfill Tax or prosecuted alongside the actual illegal operators.

It's been found that unlicensed waste operators target householders via social media or local advertising, often luring customers with cheaper rates to dispose of unwanted furniture, building rubble or garden waste.

An Environment Agency spokesperson, said:

We must all come together to win the fight against waste criminals. We're doing our part with enforcement action and prosecution, whenever necessary. But we cannot do this alone. Households also have a responsibility to ensure their waste is collected by a responsible operator who will not pollute the environment with waste or cost thousands to clear up and make safe.

It's estimated to cost the UK economy £600M every year, the equivalent of a new and fully staffed NHS hospital. More than 850 new illegal waste sites were discovered by the EA in 2016-17. While an average of two illegal waste sites are shut down every day, they continue to create severe problems for local communities and business, particularly in rural areas, as well as posing a risk to key national infrastructure.

To avoid contributing to waste crime, householders are advised to take the following steps:

- Check the waste management operator being used is a registered waste carrier. Registration documents should be available on request and should be inspected before services are rendered. [You can check environmental permits online](#) or call 03708 506506.
- Get a written receipt/transfer note complete with contact details, a description of waste removed and details of where the waste is being taken to.

- Note down the vehicle type, colour and registration number of the vehicle that's taking your waste away.

Report suspected waste crime to the EA incident hotline 0800 807060 or anonymously to Crimestoppers on 0800 555 111.

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## **Notice: SN15 2DX, Bromham Biogas Limited: environmental permit issued**

The Environment Agency publish permits that they issue under the Industrial Emissions Directive (IED).

This decision includes the permit and decision for:

- Operator name: Bromham Biogas Limited
- Installation name: Bromham House Farm
- Permit number: EPR/XP3631JX/A001

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## **Official Statistics: Landings of selected shared quota stocks from UK waters: 2012 – 2016**

This release contains provisional estimates of landings of some commercial sea fishery quota stocks shared by the UK, non-UK EU member states and, in some cases, Norway.

It is planned that these provisional data will be followed by a more detailed release, covering a wider range of quota stocks, accompanying the UK Sea Fisheries Statistics 2017 annual publication in September 2018.

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## **Official Statistics: Landings by non-**

# UK EU Member States' fishing vessels from the UK's territorial waters and EEZ: 2012 – 2016

This release contains estimates of the total quantity and value of fish landed by non-UK EU member states' fishing vessels from the UK's territorial waters and Exclusive Economic Zone between 2012 and 2016.

## Statistical data set: Effort statistics June 2018

Statistics on effort use in western waters are submitted to the European Commission on the 15 day of every month.

Data provided to the European Commission in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 2103/2004 (a,b)

### **Crabs**

<b>Trip type</b>	<b>BSA(c)</b>	<b>ICES V-VI</b>	<b>ICES VII</b>	<b>ICES VIII</b>
Effort deployed (kWdays)	–	225,136	147,880	–
Maximum allowable effort (d) (kWdays)	393	702,292	543,946	–
Uptake (%)	0%	32%	27%	n/a

### **Demersal**

<b>Trip type</b>	<b>BSA(c)</b>	<b>ICES V-VI</b>	<b>ICES VII</b>	<b>ICES VIII</b>
Effort deployed (kWdays)	416,805	2,815,518	3,690,120	54,540
Maximum allowable effort (d) (kWdays)	3,061,485	24,017,229	25,786,266	218,406
Uptake (%)	14%	12%	14%	25%

### **Scallops**

<b>Trip type</b>	<b>BSA(c)</b>	<b>ICES V-VI</b>	<b>ICES VII</b>	<b>ICES VIII</b>
Effort deployed (kWdays)	–	334,724	1,831,103	–
Maximum allowable effort (d) (f) (kWdays)	1,223	1,974,425	3,315,619	–
Uptake (%)	0%	17%	55%	n/a

Source: UK Fisheries Administrations

(a) The Western Waters comprise the nine sea areas described in Council Regulation (EC) No 1954/2003: ICES V-VI, ICES VII, ICES VIII, ICES IX, ICES X, CECAF 34.1.1, CECAF 34.1.2, CECAF 34.2.0, and the Biologically Sensitive Area (BSA), defined in Article 6.

(b) Regulated trips are those with target species listed by Council Regulation (EC) No 1954/2003, namely:

- Demersal species excluding those covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2347/2002
- Scallops
- Edible crab and spider crab

(c) Includes effort deployed on regulated trips in the Biologically Sensitive Area (BSA) by vessels over 10m in length, in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) No 1954/2003.

(d) The maximum allowable effort permitted in each sea area is set in Council Regulation (EC) No 1415/2004. The UK does not hold allocations of effort for areas ICES IX, ICES X, CECAF 34.1.1, CECAF 34.1.2, CECAF 34.2.0."

e) Data provided to the European Commission in accordance with Commission Regulation

EC No 2103/2004 only contains validated data on the MMO systems

f) baseline includes any transfers from other member states