

Jordan princess flies high with fighter pilot first

Author:

Sun, 2020-03-08 00:57

AMMAN: Earlier this year, Princess Salma bint Abdullah II of Jordan became the first Jordanian woman to complete preliminary pilot training on fixed-wing aircraft. She was presented with her wings by her father, King Abdullah, Supreme Commander of the Jordan Armed Forces-Arab Army at a ceremony attended by Queen Rania Al-Abdullah and Crown Prince Al-Hussein bin Abdullah II in January.

Salma Nims, secretary-general of the Jordanian National Commission for Women, told Arab News that Jordan has long placed importance on women serving in the military and police.

“Jordan is considered one of the top three countries active in peacemaking since 2007,” Nims said. “We have huge international support and national commitment – including with NATO and with Norway and Canada and Australia – to increase the number of women in this sector.”

Nims explained that supporting the role of women in the military doesn't mean that Jordan is automatically in favor of instigating military action. “It is not about being pro-war. It is about building peace,” she said. “We participate in UN peacekeeping military missions to safeguard women and children.”

Nims believes that women in the military, including Princess Salma – who graduated from a short course at the UK's Royal Military Academy Sandhurst in November 2018 – help break down gender stereotypes of women as the weaker sex.

Princess Salma's brother Crown Prince Hussein, a first lieutenant in the Jordanian Armed Forces, took to Instagram to congratulate his sister.

“Brilliant and hard-working as always,” he wrote. “Congrats on receiving your wings and here's to more success and achievements.”



Main category:

[Middle-East](#)

Tags:

[International Women's Day](#)

[International Women's Day 2020](#)

Women make their presence felt in new Lebanon cabinet
Wide-ranging social reforms have put Saudi women in the driving seat

[Women make their presence felt in new Lebanon cabinet](#)

Sun, 2020-03-08 00:06

BEIRUT: Fifty days ago, six women were nominated to one third of government portfolios in a political and economic situation that no Lebanese politician would be envied for.

Six women holding bachelor and doctorate degrees in management, law, engineering, social sciences, law, political science and French literature were appointed to six ministries: Defense, justice, media, employment, youth and sports, and the displaced. These women had never held political positions before, but were chosen by the main political parties.

The number of women ministers is a record for Lebanon.

The new government saw the appointment of Zeina Akar as the first Lebanese and Arab woman deputy prime minister and minister of defense.

So does Prime Minister Hassan Diab's insistence on the appointment of a large number of women in his government represent changing attitudes toward the role of women in Lebanese society?

Former head of the Lebanese Council of Women and women's rights activist, Iqbal Doughan, told Arab News that the appointment of the women ministers was the result of 50 years of struggle, and that the international agreements on women's rights that Lebanon adhered to have boosted the status of Lebanese women.

"Politicians in Lebanon want to show the international community that they are implementing what they have signed on, and they may have done so under pressure, but the aspiration of women is not limited to this. We want to reach parity between men and women in government appointments based on competence," Doughan said.

She added: "The empowerment of Lebanese women is still deficient," and that, "a change in prevailing laws, minds and mindset is required."

"We saw revolutionary women in the protests that invaded Lebanese streets. We were at the forefront and were the engines of the revolution, yet we fear that once the objectives are achieved, women will be put back home, after having been part of the achievements," she said.

Iman Abdel Nabi Ballout, a student of higher education at the Faculty of Arts and Humanities at the Lebanese University, pointed out in research published in "Awraq Thaqafiyyah" (Cultural Papers), the magazine of the School of Arts and Humanities published in Beirut, that "due to all efforts and transformations that contributed to the endorsement of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women and the integration of women's rights into human rights mechanisms, the Lebanese Parliament passed a law that permits the government to sign the convention. Yet the Lebanese ratification included a reservation that prevents women having equal rights to men regarding granting citizenship to their children and her eligibility to custody of her children, which constitutes an obstacle to guaranteeing full dignity and rights of women."

Discrimination against women in the workplace represents another obstacle. According to Ballout there is "discrimination in wages between women and men who do similar work, delayed promotion of women and not allowing them to reach top administrative positions in private and public institutions, denying married women or mothers the opportunity to work in some areas, and discriminating against women in social benefits. The constitution grants equal rights to all Lebanese citizens by a general clause that applies to all citizens, without referring to economic, social and cultural rights."

Ballout believes that "the status of women in Lebanese politics and public affairs remains modest" for reasons including: "The structural male model, the absence of concepts for human resource development, the lack of societal culture, the lack of freedom of political action, and the spread of corruption in politicians."

Among the reforms to empower women, a decision was recently issued by the director general of personal status at the Ministry of Interior that allows divorced Lebanese women to obtain a family registration statement that includes the names of their children. This decision aims to provide women with the right to obtain official documents with full information, whatever their family status is.

Randa Yassir, consultant on gender equality in Lebanon told Arab News: "The

large and balanced presence of Lebanese women in the current government and the former Hariri government which paved the way for women to take over the ministries of interior and of energy had a positive shocking impact on Lebanon and the Arab world, due to the sensitivity of the ministries headed by women, and some considered it an inspiring experience to break stereotypes not only on the Lebanese level, but also on the Arab level.”

Yassir saw that “political activity needs competence and experience, and women and men alike confront the same political and security conditions that they should handle to achieve any success, but women also confront a male mindset that tries to hold them more accountable than men and puts their performance under more supervision and accountability than their male colleagues.”



Main category:

[Middle-East](#)

Tags:

[International Women's Day](#)

[International Women's Day 2020](#)

Arab Women Committee declares Riyadh capital of Arab women for 2020
Empowering Arab women scientists for leadership roles

Iran worst hit as more coronavirus cases reported across Mideast

Sat, 2020-03-07 23:34

TEHRAN: The Middle East is in the grip of coronavirus as more cases were reported on Saturday and the death toll in Iran jumped to 145 with 21 more deaths, including a politician who became the 8th official to succumb to the disease.

The virus, which was first recorded in China in December, has spread across the Middle East and beyond. Most cases in the Gulf Arab states are among people who either traveled to Iran personally, or were infected by people who had visited Iran.

The World Health Organization (WHO) on Saturday offered help to Iran as more than 1,000 new cases were reported in 24 hours in the Islamic Republic, bringing the total to 5,823. The number of people dead rose by 21, to 145.

Health Ministry spokesman Kianoush Jahanpour said more than 16,000 people were in hospital under observation as possible cases.

He added that 1,669 people who were sick with the COVID-19 illness have recovered.

The capital Tehran remains the worst-hit city in the country, with 1,539 confirmed cases.

More than 300 of the new cases reported on Saturday were in Mazandaran province, a popular tourist destination north of Tehran on the Caspian sea. "Mazandaran is at the top of the list because the necessary limitations (on domestic traveling) were not imposed," Jahanpour added.

The WHO's representative in Iran, Christoph Hamelmann, said the organization was ready to help, "mainly through assistance with procurement and supply of essential medicines."

Among those reported dead from the virus on Saturday was Fatemeh Rahbar, 55, a conservative member of parliament from 2004 to 2016 who was re-elected in February.

Seven other politicians and government officials have died in Iran's outbreak, including Mohammad Mirmohammadi, a member of the powerful Expediency Council. Deputy Health Minister Iraj Harirchi and another member of parliament, Mahmoud Sadeghi, have also been infected.

Iran has closed schools and universities until early April, and suspended major cultural and sporting events.

Cases also rising in Gulf

The number of coronavirus cases in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) has risen to 45 from 30. Kuwait recorded three new cases bringing its infection tally to 61, while Qatar reported its 12th case on Saturday.

Saudi Arabia reported two new cases on Saturday, a woman coming from Iran, via Bahrain, and another one from Iraq, via the UAE, bringing the total number of infections in the Kingdom to seven, according to a statement from the Health Ministry.

Kuwait has suspended flights to and from Egypt, Lebanon, Syria, Bangladesh, the Philippines, India and Sri Lanka for a week, and has banned the entry of foreigners who have been to those countries in the past two weeks.

Dubai-based Al-Arabiya TV cited Bahraini health officials saying on Saturday six new cases of coronavirus were confirmed in the Gulf state, bringing its total number of infections to 62.

The UAE, a major air transit center, business and tourism hub, has advised citizens and residents against traveling abroad and all schools are closed for a month from Sunday.

Events across the country have also been canceled or postponed.

Saudi Arabia has closed its land borders with the UAE, Kuwait and Bahrain, with an exception for commercial trucks, and is only permitting flights from those countries to three of its airports.

Dozens of Saudis have come forward after authorities called on Friday for people who had been in Iran during the last two weeks to inform officials, the Saudi Press Agency (SPA) reported on Saturday, citing the Health Ministry.

The SPA said 95 Saudis have come forward to say they are currently in Iran, while 26 said they had returned from Iran. Another seven said they were in a third country after having visited Iran, SPA said.

For the first weekend since the outbreak began, sport was heavily affected. Saudi Arabia banned spectators from competitions, and Al-Faisaly played Al-Nasr on Saturday in an empty stadium.

A full program of Serie A football matches in Italy, which has Europe's largest number of virus cases, will be played on Sunday behind closed doors.

In the UK, a meeting will take place on Monday between the government, sports bodies and broadcasters to discuss a ban on spectators.

(With AP & Reuters)



Main category:

[Middle-East](#)

Tags:

[China Coronavirus](#)

[COVID-19](#)

[coronavirus](#)

[coronavirus in Iran](#)

Lebanon on alert as coronavirus cases reach 28 Saudi Arabia announces 2 new cases of coronavirus coming from Iran, Iraq

Lebanon on alert as coronavirus cases reach 28

Sat, 2020-03-07 22:46

BEIRUT: The number of coronavirus cases in Lebanon has reached 28, health officials in the country said on Saturday.

Meanwhile, the Ministerial Committee for Combating Coronavirus has decided to extend the closure of schools and universities until March 14, and to close all entertainment centers such as gyms, nightclubs, cinemas, exhibitions and conferences for a week. It is also urging people to avoid crowded places and gatherings.

The ministries of interior, tourism, economy, culture, and youth and sports will follow up on implementation of these measures.

"Lebanon is weak in the face of the virus because of the great administrative deterioration in the Health Ministry and the public health sector, particularly in public hospitals, accompanied by a severe economic crisis," Ismail Sukariya, a gastroenterologist at the American University of Beirut Medical Center, told Arab News.

"Since the arrival of the first plane from (the Iranian city of) Qom, the (Lebanese) health minister should've taken strict measures. The decision was political, and we can't stop Lebanese citizens from coming home," Sukariya said.

"Lebanon will see dozens of infections by the end of the month ... The virus might stay active until summer, just like the World Health Organization announced on Saturday."

The Justice Ministry has extended the suspension of hearings until March 13, and Beirut Arab University (BAU) is continuing to suspend classes and replace attendance with online courses.

The head of the Supreme Islamic Shiite Council, Sheikh Abdul-Amir Qablan, has urged people to reduce gatherings at mosques and abide by the directives of the Health Ministry and medical bodies.

He has also urged those who have the virus to report it to ensure their safety and that of their families.

Health Minister Hamad Hassan ordered all university hospitals to start conducting coronavirus tests because the number of suspected cases is increasing and will soon exceed the capacity of the laboratory of Rafik Hariri University Hospital. Those who test positive will be quarantined at that hospital.

Municipalities have started to organize mandatory courses for police personnel on how to deal with suspected cases and immediately intervene in case someone dies, so as to prevent further infections.



Main category:

[Middle-East](#)

Tags:

[China Coronavirus](#)

[coronavirus](#)

[Lebanon](#)

[Coronavirus \(COVID-19\)](#)

[COVID-19](#)

Crisis-hit Lebanon stumbles toward first debt default
Lebanon's financial prosecutor freezes assets of 20 banks

[Iraq's leaders 'old, bitter, 50-plus](#)

males,' says singer ahead of Arab women artists festival

Author:

Zaynab Khojji

ID:

1583605839205341500

Sat, 2020-03-07 21:19

LONDON: An Iraqi singer, who fled her native country for Sweden, has used a London festival performance to condemn Iraq's leadership, describing its political elite as "old, bitter, 50-plus males with extremely dusty beliefs." Iraqi-Egyptian Nadin Al-Khalidi, a founder member of the Tarabband group, accused Baghdad politicians of squandering Iraq's potential, saying her dream is to "see my homeland blooming again."

The singer said that she is hoping for a "miraculous turning point" in Iraq. "I hope to see young Iraqi men and women finally claiming their right to lead society with their ideas, dreams, ambition and talents," Al-Khalidi told Arab News.

"I would love to see young women and men with their liberal, free, honest, transparent and non-scary visions sailing this ship forward without a bloodbath," she said.

"There should be no more old, bitter, 50-plus males sitting in their chairs with extremely dusty beliefs, ideas and visions about how to rule the country."

Al-Khalidi was speaking before taking the stage with her band at the Arab Women Artists Now (AWAN) festival on Saturday ahead of International Women's Day.

Formed in Malmo, Sweden, in 2008, Tarabband is a six-member group founded by Al-Khalidi and Swede Gabriel Hermansson, who began as a duo playing Arabic, Persian, Spanish and Italian music.

Al-Khalidi, who grew up in Iraq and Egypt, and sought refuge in Sweden with her sister in 2001, is the band's lead vocalist and lyricist, and plays the Algerian mandole and Turkish saz, both stringed instruments.

Politics, identity, love, peace and cultural tolerance are common themes in her songs.



The singer said that she felt honored to be part of the AWAN festival, which highlights talented female artists from the Arab world.

“It’s an honor to represent Arab women, and to inspire and be inspired by our audience in London. We look forward to playing in the UK more often,” she said. “I hope to bring music, joy and a deep connection with the audience.” Al-Khalidi told Arab News that even the band’s name is cross-cultural, and is formed of the Arabic word “tarab,” which means the rapture caused by music, and the English word “band.”

The singer said that the idea for the name came while she was eating at an Arab restaurant and listening to legendary Lebanese singer Fairuz.

A waiter made a remark about the song being “real tarab” and suddenly she thought of calling the duo “Tarabband.”

She said that at a time of growing far-right sentiment against refugees in Europe, “singing is a symbolic way of inspiring and empowering other people.” “Tarabband’s audience in Sweden is made up mainly of Swedes, so I am creating a cultural bridge here, a free zone where people with different cultural, political and religious backgrounds can meet for 60-90 minutes and discover that we all have a lot in common.”

Al-Khalidi said that her work with refugees in her adopted home helps her cope with the guilt she feels for “not actively making a difference” in Iraq. “When you look at the young men and women, and even the elderly, who are protesting in Tahrir Square in Baghdad, the only thing they are saying is that they want to have a decent life, and fair wages, working hours and opportunities.

“There is a lot of money in Iraq and lots of potential – it’s horrible to see young men and women who have an education that doesn’t even secure them bread or a meal in their daily lives.”





Main category:

[Middle-East](#)

[Art & Culture](#)

Tags:

[Iraq](#)

[nadin al-khaldi](#)

[tarabband](#)

[Sweden](#)

Iraq's Abdul Mahdi says will walk away from caretaker PM role
Passionate Saudi musicians Jwa ready to take the world by storm