Kommission ersucht Mitgliedstaaten um Verhandlungsmandat für Nord-Stream-2-Vereinbarung mit Russland

On 23 June 2016 citizens of the United Kingdom (UK) voted to leave the European Union (EU). On 29 March 2017 the UK formally notified the European Council of its intention to leave the EU by...

Over the past 20 years, the European Union has put in place some of the highest common asylum standards in the world. And in the past two years, European migration policy has advanced in leaps and...

'Europe will not be made all at once, or according to a single plan.It will be built through concrete achievementswhich first create a de facto solidarity.'Robert Schuman9 May 19500n 25 March 2017,...

In response to the illegal annexation of Crimea and deliberate destabilisation of a neighbouring sovereign country, the EU has imposed restrictive measures against the Russian Federation.Overview...

European Commission President Jean-Claude Juncker delivered his annual State of the Union speech at the European Parliament on 14 September 2016, just two days ahead of the informal meeting of 27...

Enlargement is the process whereby countries join the EU. Since it was founded in 1957, the EU has grown from 6 member countries to 28.Any European country that respects the principles of liberty,...

Commission seeks a mandate from Member States to negotiate with Russia an agreement on Nord Stream 2

The Commission seeks to ensure that, if built, Nord Stream 2 operates in a transparent and non-discriminatory way with an appropriate degree of regulatory oversight, in line with key principles of international and EU energy law.

The Vice-President for Energy Union Maroš **Šefčovič** said: "Creating a well-diversified and competitive gas market is a priority of the EU's energy security and Energy Union strategy. As we have stated already several times, Nord Stream 2 does not contribute to the Energy Union's objectives. If the pipeline is nevertheless built, the least we have to do is to make sure that it will be operated in a transparent manner and in line with the main EU energy market rules."

Commissioner for Climate Action and Energy Miguel **Arias Cañete** said: "As any other infrastructure project in the EU, Nord Stream 2 cannot and should not operate in a legal void or according to a third country's energy laws only. We are seeking to obtain a Council mandate to negotiate with Russia a specific regime which will apply key principles of EU energy law to Nord Stream 2 to preserve the functioning of the European internal energy market".

The Commission is committed to the Energy Union objectives, including energy security. The priority is to create a well-diversified and competitive gas market. The work to consequently dismantle barriers to trade and supporting critical gas infrastructure is ongoing.

The Energy Union diversification strategy develops around priorities such as the implementation of the Southern Gas Corridor, the development of a liquid gas hub in the Mediterranean and through promoting access to Liquefied Natural Gas and gas storage for which the Commission adopted a strategy in February 2016.

The preference is a strong regional cooperation between the Member States and it is delivering concrete results: key gas infrastructures in the Baltic region are being implemented with financial support of the European Union, such as the Gas Interconnectors between Poland and Lithuania or the Balticconnector between Finland and Estonia. The Commission is also actively facilitating the establishment of a new northern corridor linking Norway to Poland through Denmark. Likewise the Commission is helping to abolish all barriers for the free flow of gas in Central and South East Europe and is supporting the construction of the necessary gas infrastructure in this region.

The Commission considers that the Nord Stream 2 project does not contribute to the Energy Union objectives of giving access to new supply sources, routes or suppliers and that it could allow a single supplier to further strengthen its position on the European Union gas market and lead to a further concentration of supply routes. There is existing, well-functioning gas transportation infrastructure in place to ensure Europe's energy supply. Building Nord Stream 2, would, at the same time, endanger existing transport routes, notably via Ukraine.

While any on-shore pipeline to transport the gas coming through Nord Stream 2 in Europe would have to be in full compliance with the EU energy rules under the so-called Third Internal Energy Market legislative package, the off-shore section of the pipeline is in a specific situation given that part of it, including its only entry point lies outside the EU jurisdiction. Therefore the Commission asks the Council of Ministers for a mandate to negotiate a

special legal framework, which would take into account fundamental principles stemming from international and EU energy law.

These principles include:

- transparency in pipeline operation,
- non-discriminatory tariff-setting,
- an appropriate level of non-discriminatory third party access and
- a degree of separation between activities of supply and transmission.

For More Information

DG ENER website: imports and secure supplies

La Commission sollicite un mandat de la part des États membres pour négocier avec la Russie un accord sur le gazoduc Nord Stream 2

On 23 June 2016 citizens of the United Kingdom (UK) voted to leave the European Union (EU). On 29 March 2017 the UK formally notified the European Council of its intention to leave the EU by...

Over the past 20 years, the European Union has put in place some of the highest common asylum standards in the world. And in the past two years, European migration policy has advanced in leaps and...

'Europe will not be made all at once, or according to a single plan. It will be built through concrete achievements which first create a de facto solidarity.' Robert Schuman 9 May 19500n 25 March 2017,...

In response to the illegal annexation of Crimea and deliberate destabilisation of a neighbouring sovereign country, the EU has imposed restrictive measures against the Russian Federation.Overview...

European Commission President Jean-Claude Juncker delivered his annual State of the Union speech at the European Parliament on 14 September 2016, just two days ahead of the informal meeting of 27...

Enlargement is the process whereby countries join the EU. Since it was

founded in 1957, the EU has grown from 6 member countries to 28.Any European country that respects the principles of liberty,...

CALENDRIER du 12 juin au 18 juin 2017

(Susceptible de modifications en cours de semaine)

Déplacements et visites

Lundi 12 juin 2017

12-15/06 European Parliament Plenary Session in Strasbourg

12-13/06 Agriculture and Fisheries Council

President Jean-Claude **Juncker** in Strasbourg, France (until 14/06):receives Mr Nicolas Schmit, Minister for Labour of Luxembourg; Mr Sergei Stanishev, President of the Party of European Socialists (PES); Ms Pervenche Berès, Member of the European Parliament; and Ms Maria João Rodrigues, Member of the European Parliament, for an exchange of views on the European Commission's proposal for a European Pillar of Social Rights; and receives Mr Manfred Weber, President of the European People's Party (EPP) Group in the European Parliament.

Ms Federica **Mogherini** receives Mr Zoran Zaev, Prime Minister of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

Mr Andrus **Ansip** receives Mr Markus Borchert, President of Digitaleurope and Senior Vice-President, Market Europe at Nokia.

Mr Maroš **Šefčovič** in Astana, Kazakhstan: meets Mr Bakytzhan Sagintayev, Prime Minister of Kazakhstan; and Mr Kanat Bozumbayev, Minister for Energy of Kazakhstan.

Mr Valdis **Dombrovskis** in London, the United Kingdom: delivers a keynote address at the 2017 International Monetary Conference.

Mr Johannes **Hahn** receives Mr Zoran Zaev, Prime Minister of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

Ms Cecilia **Malmström** receives Mr Axel Eggert, Director-General of the European Steel Association (EUROFER); and CEOs from the European steel industry.

Mr Neven **Mimica** in Atlanta, the United States: participates in two panel discussions at the 108th Rotary International Convention; and meets Mr Bill

Gates, Co-chair of the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.

Mr Karmenu **Vella** in Bologna, Italy: participates in <u>G7 Environment</u> <u>Ministerial Meeting</u>.

Mr Vytenis **Andriukaitis** in Luxembourg (until 13/06): meets Mr Jacques Mézard, Minister for Agriculture and Food of France.

M. Pierre **Moscovici** à Berlin, Allemagne (jusqu'au 17/06): rencontre M. Sigmar Gabriel, Ministre fédéral des Affaires étrangères et Vice-chancelier d'Allemagne; et M. Martin Schulz, Président du Parti social-démocrate d'Allemagne; et participe à la conférence "Africa Partnership: Investing in a Common Future" organisée par la présidence allemande du G20.

Mr Phil **Hogan** in Luxembourg: meets Mr Jacques Mézard, Minister for Agriculture and Food of France; Mr Tarmo Tamm, Minister for Rural Affairs of Estonia; and Mr Andrew McDowell, Vice-President of the European Investment Bank (EIB).

Mr Carlos **Moedas** delivers a keynote speech at the <u>European Open Science Cloud Summit</u>, in Brussels.

Mr Carlos **Moedas** in Strasbourg, France: participates in the European Parliament Plenary debates on the Partnership for Research and Innovation in the Mediterranean Area (PRIMA), the FP7 cost-effectiveness and the Midterm review of H2020.

Mardi 13 juin 2017

College meeting

European Parliament Plenary Session in Strasbourg

Agriculture and Fisheries Council

President Jean-Claude **Juncker** in Strasbourg, France: addresses the plenary of the European Parliament on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the Erasmus+ programme; receives Mr Ximo Puig, President of the regional Government of Valencia, Spain; and participates in the meeting of the European People's Party (EPP) Group in the European Parliament.

Ms Federica **Mogherini** in Oslo, Norway: attends the Oslo Forum co-hosted by the Ministry for Foreign Affairs of Norway and the Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue.

Mr Valdis **Dombrovskis** in Strasbourg, France: meets Mr Joseph Daul, President of the European People's Party (EPP).

Mr Karmenu **Vella** in Strasbourg, France: meets Mr Jacques Mézard, Minister for Agriculture and Food of France; and Mr Datuk Seri Mah Siew Keong, Minister for Plantation Industries and Commodities of Malaysia.

Mr Vytenis **Andriukaitis** in Luxembourg: meets leading representatives of European Directorate for the Quality of Medicines and HealthCare (EDQM).

Ms Věra **Jourová** in Strasbourg, France: signs the accession of the EU to the Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence (Istanbul Convention).

Mr Tibor **Navracsics** in Strasbourg, France: addresses the plenary of the European Parliament on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the Erasmus+ programme; and inaugurates the Erasmus+ Exhibition.

Ms Corina **Creţu** in Greece (until 16/06): in Athens: participates in event on Resilience Cities, together with Mr Yiorgos Kaminis, Mayor of Athens; and meets representatives of the Romanian community in Athens.

Ms Margrethe **Vestager** in Copenhagen, Denmark: meets Mr Kristian Jensen, Minister for Finance of Denmark.

Mercredi 14 juin 2017

European Parliament Plenary Session in Strasbourg

President Jean-Claude **Juncker** in Strasbourg, France: addresses the plenary of the European Parliament on the preparations of the upcoming European Council; and attends the speech by Mr Alassane Ouattara, President of Ivory Coast, to the plenary of the European Parliament

Mr Frans **Timmermans** receives Mr Thorbjørn Jagland, Secretary-General of the Council of Europe.

Mr Valdis **Dombrovskis** in Luxembourg: meets Mr Rimantas Šadžius, Member of the European Court of Auditors (ECA); and participates in a working dinner with Mr Jānis Reirs, Minister for Welfare of Latvia.

Mr Günther **Oettinger** in Warsaw, Poland: attends the V4+4 conference on future of EU Budget.

Mr Vytenis **Andriukaitis** delivers a speech at the <u>meeting of the EU Platform</u> on Food Losses and Food Waste, in Brussels.

Ms Elżbieta **Bieńkowska** in Rome, Italy (until 15/06): visits Fucino Space Centre.

Ms Věra **Jourová** delivers a keynote speech at a conference for the <u>Launching</u> of the <u>European Barnahus Movement</u> on innovative ways to support child victims of violence, in Brussels.

Mr Tibor **Navracsics** in Varna, Bulgaria (until 15/06): meets Ms Lilyana Pavlova, Minister for the EU Presidency of Bulgaria; Mr Krasen Kralev, Minister for Youth and Sports; Mr Ivan Portnih, Mayor of Varna; Mr Krasimir Valchev, Minister for Education and Science; and representatives of Varna

universities; delivers an opening speech at the Annual meeting of the youth organisations under the theme "Youth Spaces"; and participates in a Citizens' Dialogue.

Ms Corina **Creţu** in Chios, Greece: meets Ms Christiana Kalogirou, Governor of North Aegean region; and mayors of the North Aegean islands; and visits two EU-funded projects "Mastiha Museum" and "Nea Moni (New Monastery)".

Ms Margrethe **Vestager** in Leiden, the Netherlands: delivers a "Europa Lecture" at Leiden University.

Mr Carlos **Moedas** receives Ms Sue Desmond-Hellmann, CEO of Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.

Jeudi 15 juin 2017

European Parliament Plenary Session in Strasbourg

15-16/06 EU - US Justice and Home Affairs Ministerial Meeting

President Jean-Claude **Juncker** receives Mr Geert Bourgeois, Minister-President of Flanders, Belgium.

President Jean-Claude **Juncker** in Belœil, Belgium: delivers a speech entitled "L'avenir de l'Europe" at a conference organised by the "Cercle de Belæil".

Mr Frans **Timmermans** in Prague, the Czech Republic: delivers a keynote speech at the <u>Prague European Summit</u>; and meets Mr Lubomír Zaorálek, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Czech Republic.

Ms Federica **Mogherini** in Oulu, Finland: participates in the high-level event on EU Arctic Policy <u>"A sustainable Arctic — innovative approaches"</u>.

Mr Andrus **Ansip** in Valletta, Malta: participates in the Digital Assembly conference organised by the European Commission and the Maltese Presidency of the Council of the EU.

Mr Jyrki **Katainen** delivers a keynote speech at the 2017 <u>Water Innovation</u> <u>Europe</u> conference, in Brussels.

Mr Neven **Mimica** meets the National Authorising Officers of Western Africa, in Brussels.

Mr Karmenu **Vella** in Oulu, Finland (until 16/06): participates in the <u>2nd "Top of the World Arctic Broadband Summit"</u> in the panel "Visions for the Future"; and in the high-level event on EU Arctic Policy <u>"A sustainable Arctic — innovative approaches".</u>

Mr Dimitris **Avramopoulos**, Ms Věra **Jourová** and Mr Julian **King** in Valetta, Malta (until 16/06): participate in the <u>EU-US Justice and Home Affairs</u> Ministerial Meeting.

Ms Marianne **Thyssen** in Luxembourg: participates in the Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council; and in meeting of the Council on the Pillar of Social Rights.

M. Pierre **Moscovici** à Luxembourg: participe à la réunion annuelle du Conseil des gouverneurs du mécanisme européen de stabilité (MES).

Ms Violeta **Bulc** in Arnhem-Nijmegen, the Netherlands (until 16/06): participates in the global cycling summit <u>Velo-City 2017</u>; and delivers keynote speeches during the plenary and Mayors' sessions of the summit.

Ms Elżbieta **Bieńkowska** in Rome, Italy: delivers a speech at high-level conference "Space Policy for EU Integration".

Ms Corina **Creţu** in Leros, Greece: meets Mr George Hadjimarkos, Governor of the South Aegean region; and mayors of South Aegean islands; and visits an EU-funded project: "Artemis Leros Boatyard".

Ms Margrethe **Vestager** in Bornholm, Denmark (until 16/06): attends "Folkemøde" – Denmark's Political Festival.

Mr Carlos **Moedas** in Paris, France:delivers a keynote speech at Viva Technology Conference on "Tech & Politics".

Vendredi 16 juin 2017

Economic and Financial Affairs Council in Luxembourg

Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council

EU - US Justice and Home Affairs Ministerial Meeting

President Jean-Claude **Juncker** receives Mr Yves Pozzo di Borgo and Mr Simon Sutour, Members of the French Senate.

Mr Maroš **Šefčovič** delivers a keynote speech at <u>"Tackling energy poverty in Europe — What more needs to be done?" event</u>, organised by the European Policy Centre, in Brussels.

00:00 Mr Valdis **Dombrovskis**

Mr Jyrki **Katainen** receives Mr Christian Thimann, Chairperson of the High-Level Expert Group on Sustainable Finance and Group Head of Regulation, Sustainability and Insurance Foresight at the AXA Group.

Mr Johannes **Hahn** in Azerbaijan: on official visit.

Mr Karmenu **Vella** in Oulu, Finland (until 16/06): participates in the Arctic Stakeholder Forum "European investment priorities for the Arctic" as part of the high-level event on EU Arctic Policy <u>"A sustainable Arctic – innovative approaches"</u>.

Mr Vytenis **Andriukaitis** in Luxembourg: meets Mr Florian-Dorel Bodog, Minister for Health of Romania; Mr Juha Rehula, Minister for Family Affairs and Social

Services of Finland; Ms Ellen Trane Nørby, Minister for Health of Denmark; and Ms Edith Schippers, Minister for Health, Welfare and Sports of the Netherlands.

Mr Dimitris **Avramopoulos**, Ms Věra **Jourová** and Mr Julian **King** in Valetta, Malta: participate in the <u>EU-US Justice and Home Affairs Ministerial Meeting</u>.

Ms Marianne **Thyssen** receives Mr Herman Van Rompuy, President Emeritus of the European Council.

Mr Christos **Stylianides** in Nicosia, Cyprus: meets Mr Demetris Syllouris, President of the House of Representatives of Cyprus; presents the White Paper on the Future of Europe to the House of Representatives of Cyprus; and holds a speech at the Association for Social Reforms (OPEK).

Ms Corina **Creţu** in Athens, Greece: delivers a keynote speech at event on entrepreneurship, innovation and smart specialisation, organised by Attica region; visits an EU-funded project "State Museum of Modern Art", accompanied by Ms Rena Dourou, Governor of Attica region; an EU-funded project: "Institute of Geodynamics National Observatory of Athens"; and meets Mr Dimitri Papadimitriou, Minister for Economy and Development of Greece; and Mr Alexis Charitsis, Alternate Minister for Economy and Development.

Samedi 17 juin 2017

- M. Frans **Timmermans** participe au colloque "Demain, une Union dans la fraternité" organisé par La Grande Loge de Belgique, à Bruxelles.
- M. Pierre **Moscovici** à Berlin, Allemagne: rencontre M. Wolfgang Schäuble, Ministre fédéral allemand des Finances; et participe au Körber History Forum "Connecting Politics and History", organisé par la Fondation Körber.

Ms Violeta **Bulc** in Florence, Italy: participates in the <u>Executive Symposium</u> on <u>European Regulation of Airport Charges</u>.

Prévisions du mois de juin:

- 12-13/06 Agriculture and Fisheries Council
- 12-15/06 European Parliament Plenary Session in Strasbourg
- 15/06 Eurogroup
- 15/06 Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council
- 15-16/06 EU US Justice and Home Affairs Ministerial Meeting
- 16/06 Economic and Financial Affairs Council
- 16/06 Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council

19/06 Foreign Affairs Council

19/06 Environment Council

20/06 General Affairs Council

23/06 European Council

Permanence DG COMM le WE du 10 au 11 juin 2017:

Alexander WINTERSTEIN: +32 (0) 460 79 32 65

Permanence RAPID - GSM: +32 (0) 498 982 748

Service Audiovisuel, planning studio - tél. : +32 (0)2/295 21 23

<u>A stronger reshaped CAP can better</u> serve farmers and the environment

The Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) is an essential EU policy and any changes need to strongly support the European model of agriculture and family farming. A reshaped CAP must support farm incomes, deal with market volatility and preserve European agricultural production, also in light of any new trade deals. The income inequality both between rural and urban areas and within the agricultural sector itself should be overcome. The future CAP must also deliver on Europe's international commitments regarding the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the 21st climate conference in Paris (COP21).

These are the main conclusions from an exploratory opinion on <u>A possible</u> <u>reshaping of the CAP</u> that the European Economic and Social Committee adopted at its plenary session on 1 June. Specific proposals are made on the CAP model, the delivery of public goods, supporting active farmers, funding, generational renewal, simplification, rural development and market measures, all focused on upgrading the CAP.

In the opinion, which was drawn up at the request of EC Vice-President Frans Timmermans, the EESC places emphasis on strengthening and reshaping the CAP in a positive way in order to meet the future needs of EU consumers, taxpayers and producers.

CAP two pillar model to support farmers and strengthen rural areas.

Maintaining the European model of agriculture, with its sustainable family farms, farming cooperatives and companies, must be a key focus of the CAP.

The EESC therefore strongly supports maintaining the two-pillar model of the CAP: "Direct payments in pillar I are an essential support to farm incomes, play a key role in the financing of market management measures and the delivery of public goods", said John Bryan, rapporteur of this opinion. He added "Rural development payments in pillar II are critically important and should focus on economic, environmental and social programmes based on the objectives set down in the Cork 2.0 declaration to support vulnerable regions and sectors." The opinion makes specific proposals on increased CAP pillar II measures targeted at the delivery of enhanced ecosystem services by farmers.

Delivering public goods and enhancing the environment

The CAP must better reflect the valuable contribution agriculture makes to the environment with carbon sinks such as grassland, forestry, peatlands and hedgerows. Farmers and foresters manage over 82% of the EU land area and are an essential element of a sustainable agricultural economy.

A reshaped CAP needs to accommodate the critical challenges of environmental protection, climate change mitigation and biodiversity protection. In order to support and protect strong CAP direct payments, under a reshaped CAP, active farmers would work to a programme focusing on the measurable deliverables of public goods in these important areas.

On funding, it is proposed that the CAP budget post 2020 must be sufficient to address the financial demands resulting from Brexit, farm income pressure and the increase in demand for public goods.

Generational renewal

Strong targeted programmes are proposed to encourage young farmers and retirement to address the important issue of generational renewal. In addition, programmes aimed at enhancing the role of women in agriculture are to be adopted.

Simplification

Specific proposals on simplification include the greater use of technology and moving away from the audit/inspection approach, an extension of the yellow card system, a reduction in SRM (statuary management measures), a right to rectify without penalty, increased tolerances and a system whereby inspections or penalties will not hold up payments.

Imbalance of power in the Food chain

The opinion highlights the major imbalance of power in the food supply chain between large retailers and processors and farmers, resulting in downward pressure on prices. It is proposed that the key recommendations from the EU Agricultural Markets Task Force are advanced. "The farmer's position in the food chain must be strengthened. Moreover, unfair trading practices and below cost selling must be banned", insisted Mr. Bryan.

EU food for EU citizens

A reshaped CAP should also maintain the principle of community preference and territorially balanced food sovereignty with **EU food for EU citizens**. A key principle of this policy must be the maintenance and protection of EU standards on traceability, food safety, animal and plant health controls and environmental protection. "In any trade negotiations, it is essential for EU consumers that the EU requires all imported food meet these same standards. In addition, in any future negotiations it is essential that the EU maintains strong and adequate tariff protection for sensitive sectors and vulnerable areas." underlined John Bryan.

In conclusion John Bryan said "The forthcoming CAP negotiations will shape the future of agriculture in the EU for decades to come. I am pleased that civil society through the EESC has put forward a clear and comprehensive set of proposals on shaping the next CAP, which will deliver a strong policy with robust pillar 1 and pillar 2 payments targeted at active farmers. — In the upcoming negotiations, significant focus needs to be placed on finding the right balance between reducing the current bureaucratic burden on farmers, which has increased dramatically in recent years, without compromising the high levels of food safety, environmental, and sustainability standards in the EU. The need for simplification in the agricultural sector must be achieved in a sustainable manner, and it is vital that in any reshaping of the CAP the correct measures are taken to protect the EU model of agriculture, CAP direct payments and the public goods delivered by this sector."