

## Notice: EX17 5DH, Mr David Pennington, Mrs Valarie Pennington and Mrs Elsa Dunn: environmental permit issued

The Environment Agency publish permits that they issue under the Industrial Emissions Directive (IED).

This decision includes the permit and decision document for:

- Operator name: Mr David Pennington, Mrs Valarie Pennington and Mrs Elsa Dunn
- Installation name: Horwell Barton Farm Pig Unit
- Permit number: EPR/QP3337YD/A001

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## Open consultation: Proposed catch limits for May 2018

The Marine Management Organisation (MMO) sets monthly catch limits for quota species to ensure the UK stays within the overall limit set by the EU. These limits apply to all under 10 meter vessels and the over 10 meter vessels that are not in a co-operative (Producer Organisation).

Please contact the MMO if you have any comment to make about the suggested catch limits which will be put into force on 1 May 2018.

Comments to be received no later than 12pm on Thursday 26 April 2018.

Email [FMTConsultations@marinemanagement.org.uk](mailto:FMTConsultations@marinemanagement.org.uk)

Telephone 0208 0 269 097

The MMO will regularly consult industry on monthly or other catch limits and will, wherever possible, ensure that any representations are taken into account when setting such limits. The MMO reserve the right to alter catch limits and / or close fisheries without prior notice or consultation in the event that such actions are necessary and expedient for the regulation of sea fishing.

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# Successful return of SRUC Elmwood

## Alumni golf day

Elmwood Golf Course at Scotland's Rural College in Cupar recently hosted its second alumni golf day which brought together more than 70 current and former professional golf students.

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## Detailed guide: Household waste bins: when and how councils may issue fixed penalties

The Government wishes to encourage a measured and balanced approach, where householders are not penalised for minor breaches of waste bin rules. The use of these penalties should focus on those who cause genuine harm to the local environment. It is good practice to try and inform the household about any issues on the presentation of their waste bins. For example, you could use a letter or information notice. You should do this before moving to the process of issuing penalty notices outlined here.

Where you chose to do so, you must follow these rules when issuing fixed penalties under section 46A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.

### **When you can issue fixed penalties**

You may issue them when householders do not follow your waste collection rules, and their failure to comply does one of the following:

- causes or is likely to cause a nuisance
- has a negative effect or is likely to have a detrimental effect on local amenities

### **Examples**

You can issue fixed penalties if householders put waste out so it:

- causes an obstruction to neighbours, such as forcing people using wheelchairs or buggies to walk on the road
- restricts access to the pavement or street, for example leaving waste receptacles (bins or bags) out for several days
- is likely to attract vermin like foxes and rats, such as leaving bags or open receptacles out days before a waste collection
- is unsightly (torn bags or overturned receptacles are left out)

London councils can issue penalty charges instead of fixed penalties – the same rules apply.

## When you cannot issue fixed penalties

You cannot issue them for minor problems, such as when householders:

- put something in the wrong receptacle by mistake
- forget to close receptacle lids
- leave receptacles out for a few hours before a collection

## How to issue fixed penalties

You must follow 3 stages.

### 1. Written warning

Write to the householder and explain:

- how they have broken your waste collection rules
- how this has (or is likely to) cause a nuisance or have a negative effect on local amenities
- what they must do and how long they've got to fix the problem
- what will happen if they don't comply

If the householder does not comply, you can issue a notice of intent.

### 2. Notice of intent

Your notice of intent must name the householder and tell them:

- they may get a fixed penalty and why
- how much they'll have to pay
- they have the right to explain why they shouldn't have to pay the penalty within 28 days of the date on the notice

### 3. Final notice

You can issue a final notice 28 days after the notice of intent. You must consider any responses from the householder before you do this.

The notice must name the householder and tell them:

- why they have been given a fixed penalty
- [how much they must pay, noting the maximum full penalty you can apply is £80](#) and how they can pay it
- the deadline for the payment
- what happens if they pay the penalty early, for example if there's a discount
- what happens if they do not pay
- how they can appeal

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## Press release: Wolverhampton man fined £1,000 for burying illegal waste

Wolverhampton Crown Court fined Ivor David John Powell (aged 65) £1,000 and ordered him to pay £4,000 in costs, along with a £100 victim surcharge, in addition to being ordered to clear the site within 3 years.

The charges were brought by the Environment Agency contrary to Regulations 12(1)(a) and 38(1)(a) Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010.

As part of routine inspections Environment Officers visited the site on 11 November 2015, and observed a tractor operating on the land that appeared to be levelling the ground. The officers also saw large heaps of shredded mixed waste and noticed the land had been landscaped to incorporate the waste material, which Mr Powell confirmed had been coming onto the site for 4 months.

Environment Agency officers visited the site again in March 2016 and found buried compressed waste that had been imported on to the site.

The court heard that Mr Powell had avoided paying charges to dispose of the 5,335 tonnes of waste. If the landowner had taken the waste to an appropriate waste site or landfill, approximately £533, 500 of charges would have been incurred.

Speaking after the case, an Environment Agency officer in charge of the investigation said:

Waste crime is a serious offence with tough penalties as it can damage the environment, blight communities and undermine those operating legally. This case sends out a clear message that we will not hesitate to take action against anyone that fails to comply.

In mitigation on behalf of his client, Mr Powell's solicitor stated that Mr Powell had been naïve and doesn't have any previous convictions and acknowledged he had avoided paying disposal costs in relation to the waste.