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News story: Sir Simon Bollom appointed Chief Executive of Defence Equipment and Support

Welcoming Simon Bollom's appointment, Stephen Lovegrove, Permanent Secretary at the Ministry of Defence said:

I am delighted to announce Simon's appointment as the new Chief Executive of DE&S. His previous roles, as Chief of Materiel (Air) and more recently Chief of Materiel (Ships), means that he will bring to the role a deep understanding and knowledge of DE&S and its business. I wish him every success.

Defence Secretary Gavin Williamson said:

DE&S is responsible for delivering the substantial, complex and demanding Equipment Programme. I am delighted that Simon has been appointed to this role. I look forward to working with him on the organisation's important task of driving performance in the supply chain, building capability to support our armed forces and delivering value for the taxpayer.

DE&S Chair, Paul Skinner, said:

I would like to welcome Simon into his new role, and I am delighted that we have managed to secure somebody who already has great experience in delivering equipment and equipment support. I look forward to continuing to work with him as we carry on our important work to support the armed forces.

I should also like to thank Michael Bradley for his excellent oversight of DE&S since January following Tony Douglas' departure.

Simon Bollom said:

I am absolutely delighted to have secured this extremely important role. The work of DE&S is vital to our nation and I am proud to have been given the opportunity to lead such an important organisation.

Simon Bollom has held the role of Chief of Materiel (Ships) in DE&S since April 2017. He will take up his new post on the 21st May. The appointment follows an external recruitment competition.

State aid: Commission approves investment plan for Italian motorways

Commissioner Margrethe Vestager, in charge of competition policy, said: "*I am happy that we found a solution, in close cooperation with Italy, which will enable crucial investments on Italian motorways, while limiting the impact on users and avoiding overcompensation of companies operating the motorways. Italy has also agreed to re-tender a number of major motorway concessions in the near future to ensure effective competition in the market.*"

Today's Commission decision follows an agreement in principle reached on 5 July 2017 between Commissioner Vestager and the Italian Minister of Infrastructures and Transports Delrio. It will enable around €8.5 billion of

investments to go ahead on Italian motorways. The plan involves, in particular, the prolongation of two major motorway concessions held by **Autostrade per l'Italia** (ASPI) and by **Società Iniziative Autostradali e Servizi** (SIAS). ASPI's concession covers its network of motorways in Italy, and SIAS' concession concerns the SATAP A4 Torino-Milano motorway. Furthermore, SIAS will use revenues from its prolonged concession to complete the Asti-Cuneo A33 motorway, which is also operated by SIAS.

The Commission and the Italian authorities have cooperated closely to reach this solution that boosts investment in the Italian motorway sector in line with EU State aid and public procurement rules. EU rules in this context have made sure that the State support avoids excessive toll increases for motorway users and overcompensation of the concessionaires, whilst ensuring effective competition in the market.

Details of the Italian motorways plan

For **ASPI** the measure foresees the prolongation of its concession by 4 years (until 2042). Similarly, in the case of **SIAS** the measure also foresees a prolongation of its concession by 4 years (until 2030).

Both concessions include a **cap on potential toll increases** at a sustainable level for motorway users, i.e. in principle they must not exceed the rate of inflation plus 0.5%.

They are also accompanied by a series of safeguards to avoid that ASPI and SIAS are overcompensated and to limit competition distortions, including:

- a **cap** on the amount that ASPI and SIAS, respectively, could receive at the end of the concession from a sale of the assets;
- a **mechanism to avoid overcompensation**. In particular, this mechanism determines the remuneration and the amount of investments ASPI and SIAS, respectively, need to carry out, imposing financial penalties in case of delay or failure in to realise investments; and
- a series of **detailed requirements to tender out the vast majority of infrastructure works downstream** in order to limit distortions of competition.

At the same time, the prolongation of the two concessions should provide ASPI and SIAS with sufficient revenues to finance significant investments in the Italian motorways sector.

In the case of ASPI, the income from the prolongation of its concession should allow for the timely completion of the so-called "**Gronda di Genova**", a bypass of Genova to connect the existing motorway links of ASPI, as well as a series of further improvements on the ASPI network, with works starting at the latest by January 2020.

In the case of SIAS, the prolongation of its concession should allow SIAS to finance the investments needed to complete the **Asti-Cuneo A33 motorway**, which is also operated by SIAS. Italy will also shorten the duration of SIAS' concession of the Asti-Cuneo A33 motorway by 13 years and cap possible toll

increases. It has committed to launch a joint tender of both SIAS concessions concerned, i.e. for the SATAP A4 Torino-Milano motorway and the Asti-Cuneo A33motorway, by 2030.

To ensure sufficient competition in the Italian motorway sector, Italy has also committed to launch a joint tender by 2019 of a series of related, separate concessions held by SIAS (for the SATAP A21 and ATIVA motorways), which are already expired or about to expire. Finally, Italy has decided not to pursue initial plans to prolong concessions of other motorways held by SIAS, such as for the CISA motorway.

The Commission found that the measures will promote growth and unlock investment, while limiting the impact on motorway users in line with EU State aid and public procurement rules. The limited prolongation of concessions and the safeguard measures will minimise distortions of competition in line with State aid and public procurement rules.

On this basis, the Commission approved the Italian motorways plan under EU rules.

Background

When companies obtain prolongations of concessions (without re-tendering) to construct and operate motorways in exchange for tolls imposed by users, such prolongations are subject to EU State aid and public procurement rules.

EU State aid rules allow Member States to grant support for such infrastructure investments to stimulate economic growth, subject to certain conditions – this includes in particular the need to avoid overcompensation and to ensure that there remains effective competition in the market. In particular, the Commission's assessment is based on the framework of EU [rules on services of general economic interest](#) (SGEI), which includes an assessment of the measures under public procurement rules, notably under the EU Directive on the award of concession contracts ([Directive 2014/23/EU](#)).

The non-confidential version of this decision will be made available under the case number [SA.49335](#) (SATAP / Asti-Cuneo) and [SA.49336](#) (ASPI) in the [State Aid Register](#) on the Commission's [competition website](#) once any confidentiality issues have been resolved. New publications of state aid decisions on the internet and in the Official Journal are listed in the [State Aid Weekly e-News](#).